Wiltshire Council Where everybody matters

AGENDA

Meeting:	Southern Area Planning Committee
Place:	The Guildhall, Market Place, Salisbury, Wiltshire, SP1 1JH
Date:	Thursday 12 June 2014
Time:	<u>6.00 pm</u>

Please direct any enquiries on this Agenda to David Parkes, of Democratic Services, County Hall, Bythesea Road, Trowbridge, direct line (01225) 718220 or email <u>david.parkes@wiltshire.gov.uk</u>

Press enquiries to Communications on direct lines (01225) 713114/713115.

This Agenda and all the documents referred to within it are available on the Council's website at <u>www.wiltshire.gov.uk</u>

Membership:

Cllr Richard Britton Cllr Richard Clewer Cllr Brian Dalton Cllr Christopher Devine (Vice-Chairman) Cllr Jose Green Cllr Mike Hewitt Cllr George Jeans Cllr Ian McLennan Cllr Ian Tomes Cllr Fred Westmoreland (Chairman) Cllr Ian West

Substitutes:

Cllr Terry Chivers Cllr Ernie Clark Cllr Tony Deane Cllr Dennis Drewett Cllr Peter Edge Cllr Helena McKeown Cllr Leo Randall Cllr Ricky Rogers Cllr John Smale Cllr John Walsh Cllr Bridget Wayman Cllr Graham Wright

AGENDA

<u>Part I</u>

Items to be considered when the meeting is open to the public

1 Apologies for Absence

2 **Minutes** (Pages 1 - 10)

To approve and sign as a correct record the minutes of the meeting held on 22 May 2014.

3 **Declarations of Interest**

To receive any declarations of disclosable interests or dispensations granted by the Standards Committee.

4 Chairman's Announcements

5 Public Participation and Councillors' Questions

The Council welcomes contributions from members of the public.

Statements

Members of the public who wish to speak either in favour or against an application or any other item on this agenda are asked to register in person no later than 5.50pm on the day of the meeting.

The Chairman will allow up to 3 speakers in favour and up to 3 speakers against an application and up to 3 speakers on any other item on this agenda. Each speaker will be given up to 3 minutes and invited to speak immediately prior to the item being considered. The rules on public participation in respect of planning applications are detailed in the Council's Planning Code of Good Practice.

Questions

To receive any questions from members of the public or members of the

Council received in accordance with the constitution which excludes, in particular, questions on non-determined planning applications. Those wishing to ask questions are required to give notice of any such questions in writing to the officer named on the front of this agenda no later than 5pm on Wednesday 5th June 2014. Please contact the officer named on the front of this agenda for further advice. Questions may be asked without notice if the Chairman decides that the matter is urgent.

Details of any questions received will be circulated to Committee members prior to the meeting and made available at the meeting and on the Council's website.

6 Planning Appeals (Pages 11 - 12)

To receive details of completed and pending appeals.

7 Planning Applications

To consider and determine planning applications in the attached schedule.

- 7a <u>13/05423/FUL Land at Longcross, Zeals, Warminster, BA12 6LJ</u> (Pages 13 - 54)
- 7b <u>14/03915/FUL Golden Willows, Main Road, Winterbourne Earls,</u> <u>Salisbury, SP4 6HH (Pages 55 - 68)</u>

8 Urgent Items

Any other items of business which, in the opinion of the Chairman, should be taken as a matter of urgency

<u>Part II</u>

Items during whose consideration it is recommended that the public should be excluded because of the likelihood that exempt information would be disclosed This page is intentionally left blank

Where everybody matters

SOUTHERN AREA PLANNING COMMITTEE

DRAFT MINUTES OF THE SOUTHERN AREA PLANNING COMMITTEE MEETING HELD ON 22 MAY 2014 AT ALAMEIN SUITE - CITY HALL, MALTHOUSE LANE, SALISBURY, SP2 7TU.

Wilts

Present:

Cllr Richard Britton, Cllr Richard Clewer, Cllr Brian Dalton, Cllr Tony Deane (Substitute), Cllr Christopher Devine (Vice-Chair), Cllr George Jeans, Cllr John Smale (Substitute), Cllr Ian Tomes, Cllr John Walsh (Substitute), Cllr Fred Westmoreland (Chairman) and Cllr Ian West

Also Present:

Cllr Mary Douglas, Cllr Leo Randall and Cllr Bridget Wayman

56 Membership Change

The Committee noted that Cllr Russell Hawker had been removed from the list of substitutes and Cllr Ricky Rogers had been added as agreed at Annual Council on 11 May 2014.

57 Apologies for Absence

Apologies for absence were received from Councillors Jose Green, Ian McLennan and Mike Hewitt.

Councilor John Smale substituted for Councillor Jose Green.

Councillor Tony Deane substituted for Councillor Mike Hewitt.

Councillor John Walsh substituted for Councillor Ian McLennan.

58 Minutes

The minutes of the meeting held on 1 May 2014 were presented.

Resolved:

To approve as a correct record and sign the minutes with one amendment; Cllr Brian Dalton's declaration of interest was edited to more accurately reflect his declaration on 1 May 2014 and now reads:

'Cllr Brian Dalton declared a non-pecuniary interest in the Kings Arms, High Street, Downton, by virtue of being a member of CAMRA (Campaign for Real Ale). He stated that he would consider the application with an open mind and on its merits'.

59 **Declarations of Interest**

Cllr Christopher Devine declared a non-pecuniary interest in application 14/02238/FUL – Land at Paddock View, The Street, Teffont as a result of knowing the Chairman of Teffont Parish Council. However, this was only on a level of a casual acquaintance and he would therefore be able to consider the application on its merits and vote on the application.

During the course of debate on application 14/01021/FUL – South Wilts Grammar School, Stratford Road, Salisbury – as it was clarified that the proposed development would impact the school sooner than previously thought - Cllr Richard Clewer declared a non-pecuniary interest as his daughter would be sitting the '11-plus' examination this year and could potentially attend the school. Due to the nature of the application, the approval of the Committee would result in increased entries from next year. Cllr Clewer took no further part in the debate on application 14/01021/FUL and did not vote on the application.

60 Chairman's Announcements

The Chairman explained the meeting procedure to the members of the public.

Item 8A was moved to the end of the running order to allow all those who wished to speak on the issue to attend.

61 **Public Participation and Councillors' Questions**

The committee noted the rules on public participation.

62 Planning Appeals

The committee received details of the appeal decisions as detailed in the agenda.

63 Planning Applications

A LATE LIST OF OBSERVATIONS AND REPRESENTATIONS WAS RECIEVED, AS ATTACHED TO THESE MINUTES/INCLUDED AS AN AGENDA SUPPEMENT

63a <u>14/02238/FUL - Land at Paddock View, The Street, Teffont, Salisbury,</u> <u>SP3 5QP</u>

Public Participation Mr Nicholson objected to the application.

Cllr David Wood (Teffont Parish Council) spoke in objection to the application.

Mr Richard Greenwood (agent) spoke in support of the application.

The Planning Officer presented his report to the Committee which recommended that permission be **GRANTED** subject to conditions.

Members of the Committee then had the opportunity to ask technical questions of the officer. Members raised concern at the visibility at the point of access.

Members of the public then had the opportunity to present their views to the Committee, as detailed above. The village design statement was discussed and clarification sought by the Committee from the Chairman of the Parish Council on this issue.

An item of late correspondence was circulated at the meeting.

The Local Member, Cllr Bridget Wayman, spoke in objection to the application. Cllr Wayman stated that this was not an infill development and raised concern at the impact on the neighbouring bungalow. Cllr Wayman stated that the development would encroachment into the open countryside. Concern was also raised at the access to the B839 with the aid of photographs within the additional correspondence. The development would also go beyond the well defined settlement edge into the sensitive landscape of the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty.

Resolved:

To REFUSE planning permission for the following reasons:

1) The area in the vicinity of the site derives much of its character from the generous spacing between buildings, including large gardens, with open 'green' spaces and trees in between, and views of the rural landscape beyond. The site and wider settlement have been designated as a Housing Restraint Area in order to preserve this special character. The site, which partly comprises an open paddock with trees to its site boundary, forms the termination of a private residential road, which creates a strong sense of being the settlement edge and the beginning of open countryside beyond. The site is particularly prominent due to its position at the end, and highest point, of this road. Furthermore the road also comprises a public footpath, which continues northwards directly past the site, onto higher ground still, where prominent views of the site exist most notably from the adjoining field to the north.

By virtue of its scale, siting and layout, the proposed dwelling and its associated residential curtilage would harmfully erode the open and rural quality of the area, and would have the effect of visually encroaching into the surrounding countryside, to the detriment of the character of the area. As such the proposed development would be contrary to Local Plan policies G1(iii), G2(iv & v), D1, H19, C4 and C5 (as saved within the adopted South Wiltshire Core Strategy) and guidance contained within the Teffont Village Design Statement.

- 2) The site access has limited visibility to the north and the applicant has not satisfactorily demonstrated that the necessary improvements to visibility in this direction can be satisfactorily implemented and thereafter maintained. As such the proposed development would be contrary to Local Plan policy G2(i) as saved within the adopted South Wiltshire Core Strategy.
- 3) The development has not made adequate provision towards public open space, and would therefore be contrary to Local Plan policy R2 (as saved within the adopted South Wiltshire Core Strategy).

INFORMATIVE:

It should be noted that the reason given above relating to policy R2 could be overcome if all the relevant parties complete a Section 106 legal agreement.

63b <u>14/01573/FUL - Ridgeside, The Ridge Woodfalls, Salisbury, Wiltshire,</u> <u>SP5 2LD</u>

Public Participation

Mr Andy Stuchbury spoke in objection to the application. Mr Andy James spoke in objection to the application. Mr Nigel Harris spoke in objection to the application. Mr Robin Henderson (agent) spoke in support of the application. Cllr Ian Youdan (Woodfalls Parish Council) spoke in objection to the application.

The planning officer presented his report to the Committee which recommended that planning permission be **GRANTED** subject to a s106 legal agreement and subject to suitable conditions.

Members of the Committee then had the opportunity to ask technical questions of the officer. Clarification was sought in regards to waste collection and storage. Members also requested clarification of the size of the overall plot of the development which was stated to be 0.25 hectares.

Members of the public then had the opportunity to present their views to the Committee, as detailed above.

An item of late correspondence was circulated at the meeting.

A debate followed that discussed the suitability of the site for two dwellings and also the impact on local residential amenities and the character of the area, as well as the reduction of scale from previous applications.

The Local Member, Cllr Leo Randall, raised concern at potential Highways issues and also the impact on the neighbouring garden.

Resolved:

To delegate the application to the Area Development Manager and to Grant Permission, Subject to all Parties entering into a revised S.106 legal agreement which:

a) Provides a financial contribution towards public open space.

Subject to conditions

RECOMMENDATION: THAT THE MATTER BE DELEGATED TO THE DIRECTOR OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES TO GRANT PERMISSION, SUBJECT TO ALL PARTIES ENTERING INTO A REVISED S106 LEGAL AGREEMENT WHICH:

a) Provides a financial contribution towards public open space Then Planning Permission be GRANTED, subject to the following conditions:

1. The development hereby permitted shall be begun either before the expiration of 3 years from the date of this permission

REASON: To comply with the provisions of Section 92 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

2. No development shall commence on site until details and samples of the materials to be used for the external walls and roofs have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details.

REASON: In the interests of visual amenity and the character and appearance of the area.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 1995 (as amended by the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (Amendment) (No.2) (England) Order 2008 (or any Order revoking or re-enacting or amending those Orders with or without modification), no development within Part 1, Classes A-E (extensions and outbuildings) shall take place on the dwellinghouse(s) hereby permitted or within their curtilage.

REASON: In the interests of the amenity of the area and to enable the Local

Planning Authority to consider individually whether planning permission should be granted for additions, extensions or enlargements.

4. The dwellings shall be single storey only, with no windows or other rooflights

inserted in the roof, and no habitable rooms created in the first floor roofspace.

REASON: In order to protect residential amenity in terms of loss of privacy.

5. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans:

Proposed block plan – DRG No. ST452-23b 11/02/2014 Vehicle manoeuvring – DRG No. ST452-24b 11/02/2014 Proposed site layout – DRG No. ST452 -25 11/02/2014 Proposed Elevations – DRG No. ST452-26 11/02/2014 Proposed Elevations – DRG No. ST452-27 11/02/2014 Arboricultural plan – DRG No. 2864/2014 11/02/2014 Abbas Ecology survey and recommendations Feb 2014 14/02/2014

REASON: For the avoidance of doubt

6.No dwellings shall be occupied until all car parking and associated turning and access arrangements shown on the approved plans has been be provided and made available for use.

REASON: In order that sufficient parking is available for occupiers of the dwellings and visitors

7. No construction deliveries, demolition, or other building activity shall take place on Sundays or public holidays or outside the hours of 07:30 to 18:00 on weekdays and 08:00 and 13:00 on Saturdays. REASON: In order to reduce the impact of construction works on surrounding residential amenity

8. Before development commences, full details of the treatment and protection of the boundary with "Sunmount" (adjacent the proposed access driveway) during construction works and once the scheme is built out, have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

REASON: In order to reduce the impact of the development on adjacent residential amenity.

REASON: In order to reduce the impact of the development on adjacent residential amenity.

9. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 1995 (as amended by the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (Amendment) (No.2) (England) Order 2008 (or any Order revoking or re-enacting or amending that Order with or without modification), the garages hereby permitted shall not be converted to habitable accommodation.

REASON: To secure the retention of adequate parking provision, in the interests of highway safety.

10. Before development commences all works in relation to great crested newts, including but not limited to removing the existing pond, providing a new pond and providing 2 newt hibernacula, will be undertaken in strict accordance with Habitat Creation as Ecological Mitigation for Reptiles and Potential Great Crested Newt Population (Abbas Ecology, amended February 2014) and a professional ecologist will be present on site during these works and will supervise all aspects of these works. A report will be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority to demonstrate that the above report has been fully implemented and to confirm whether great crested newts were found.

REASON: In the interest of Protected Species

INFORMATIVE

Wessex water has indicated that its records show a public sewer crossing the site. It is recommended that the applicant/developer contacts Wessex Water Sewer protection team for advice.

63c <u>14/01021/FUL - South Wilts Grammar School, Stratford Road,</u> Salisbury, SP1 3JJ

Public Participation

Mr Davison spoke in objection to the application. Dr Chris Nettle spoke in objection to the application. Mrs Michele Chilcott spoke in support of the application. Mr Simon Lock spoke in support of the application. Mr Richard Greenwood (agent) spoke in support of the application.

The planning officer presented his report to the Committee which recommended that planning permission be **GRANTED** subject to conditions.

Members of the Committee then had the opportunity to ask technical questions of the officer. Members requested clarification over the height of the proposed development and if there was to be any additional parking. The legal status of the existing building was also raised.

Members of the public then had the opportunity to present their views to the Committee, as detailed above.

An item of late correspondence was circulated at the meeting.

The Local Member, Cllr Mary Douglas, agreed with the Planning Officer's recommendation to approve and called for timber cladding to be included in the planning conditions to mitigate the impact on neighbouring amenity.

A debate followed that that discussed the height and location of the building in regards to surrounding properties. The location of drainage in relation to the proposed development was also discussed.

Concern was raised about the height and style of the development. And the presence of the land being designated under the R5 policy was also raised

and it was stated that the purpose of the policy was to protect playing fields, which would be unaffected by the proposed development, and that it was not necessary to refer the matter to the secretary of state under the policy for this development.

The need to minimise the impact on neighbouring properties was discussed. The need for more school places in Salisbury was also discussed and the potential future development of another secondary school in the city. The distance between the proposed development and the neighbouring properties was discussed. The landscaping in the neighbouring garden was raised in regards to the shielding it provides in view of the proposed development.

Cllr Brian Dalton requested that his vote against approval be recorded in regards to developing on R5 policy land.

Resolved:

To **GRANT** planning permission subject to the following conditions:

1. The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

REASON:

To comply with the provisions of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 1995 (as amended by the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (Amendment) (No.2) (England) Order 2008 (or any Order revoking or re-enacting or amending that Order with or without modification), no window, dormer window or rooflight, other than those shown on the approved plans, shall be inserted in the rear elevation or roofslope(s) of the development hereby permitted.

REASON: In the interests of residential amenity and privacy.

3.The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans: parking layout, site location plan, design and access statement, DRG No. design and access statement, 771-20-04, 771-20-02 received 29/1/14, 771-20-03A received on 27/3/14, 771-20-04A received on 4/4/14.

REASON: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper

planning

4.Notwithstanding the details shown on the approved drawings or the restrictions imposed by condition 2 & 3 of this consent, before development commences in relation to the external appearance of the two storey building, full large scale details of the external appearance, materials, and finishes of the building (including and in particular the rear elevation) shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Development shall be carried out in accordance with the agreed details.

REASON: In order to ensure that the visual appearance of the approved building enhances the character of the area and adjacent amenity.

INFORMATIVE

With regards to condition 4 above, the application has been subject of concerns from two adjacent neighbours regards the impact of the proposed building, and particularly the visual impact of the rear wall of the building. Prior to final submission of details in pursuance of this condition, the Local Planning Authority respectfully request that the applicant discusses and reaches an amicable agreement (where practicably possible) with occupiers of adjacent properties situated to the immediate north-east of the site of the two storey building.

64 Urgent Items

There were no urgent items

(Duration of meeting: 6.00 - 8.15 pm)

The Officer who has produced these minutes is David Parkes, of Democratic Services, direct line (01225) 718220, e-mail <u>david.parkes@wiltshire.gov.uk</u>

Press enquiries to Communications, direct line (01225) 713114/713115

Agenda Item 6

APPEALS

Appeal Decisions

Application Number	Site	Appeal Type	Application Delegated/ Committee	Appeal Decision	Overturn	Costs

Outstanding Appeals

Application Number	Site	Appeal Type	Application Delegated/ Committee	Overturn
S/2012/1613/FUL	Ridge Side, The Ridge, Woodfalls, Salisbury	WR	DEL	
13/01493/FUL	44 Fisherton Street, Salisbury	WR	DEL	
13/01391/FUL	Ridge Side, The Ridge, Woodfalls, Salisbury	WR	COMMITTEE	O/T
13/02724/FUL	Woodford, Middle Woodford, Salisbury	WR	COMMITTEE	O/T
13/02243/FUL	Land at Rear of the Plaza, Durrington	WR	DEL	

New Appeals

Application Number	Site	Appeal Type	Application Delegated/ Committee	Overturn

- WR Written Representations
- HH Fastrack Householder Appeal
- H Hearing
- LI Local Inquiry
- ENF Enforcement Appeal

2 June 2014

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Report To The Area Planning Committee

Report No. 1

	40/00/0044
Date of Meeting	12/06/2014
Application Number	13/05423/FUL
Site Address	Land at Longcross
	Zeals
	Warminster
	BA126LJ
Proposal	Change of use to HGV Trailer Storage, form new vehicular
	and pedestrian access
Applicant	Boyes Transport Limited
Town/Parish Council	ZEALS
Ward	MERE
Grid Ref	378792 132151
Type of application	Full Planning
Case Officer	Andrew Bidwell

Reason for the application being considered by Committee: The ward member Cllr Jeans has called in the application due to the significant local interest in the proposal and the appeals site history.

1.Purpose of Report

To consider the above application and the recommendation of the Area Development Manager that planning permission be **Granted subject to conditions and a Section 106 agreement**.

2. Site Description

The site consists of agricultural land adjacent to the C380 Zeals to Mere road, to the east of Zeals village in the small hamlet of Longcross. The C380 is the former A303 (taking traffic from London to the south west), and the current A303 is now further to the south.

In planning terms the site is considered to be in the countryside. It also forms part of the Cranborne Chase and West Wiltshire Downs Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB).

3. Planning History

S/2010/0784 change use of land from agricultural to hgv trailer storage, form refused new vehicular and pedestrian access and relocation layby 23/07/10 Appeal Dismissed 06/05/11

S/2009/0014 change use of land from agricultural to hgv trailer storage and

Refused 30/06/09 Appealdismissed 14/10/09	new vehicular access and relocation of layby
S/2009/0107 Refused 20/03/09	retain fertiliser store and water store
S/2008/0341 Refused 11/04/08	a concrete pad for agricultural use two tanks to be placed on pad one for liquid fertiliser the other for water access off old a303 (retrospective)
S/2007/1961 Withdrawn	change of use for hgv trailer storage and provision of new access and laying out of 15 trailer spaces and new permeable surface and fencing
On the adjoining land	and lencing
S/2012/0472 Approved 06/06/2012	erection of temporary modular building for use as a pre-school facility, including landscaping works and fencing
S/2004/0759 Approved 16/07/04	community indoor bowling building to serve county communities
S/2003/2195 Refused 17/02/04	community indoor bowling building to serve county communities
S/2001/2305 Refused 14/02/02	parking for 6 lorries mainly at weekends and light storage

4. Proposal

Proposed change of use of land from agricultural to HGV trailer storage, formation of new vehicular and pedestrian access, Landscaping, Fencing and associated works on land at Long Cross, Zeals.

5. Planning Policy - including

Adopted Salisbury District Local Plan saved policies, including the following saved policies listed in Appendix C, of the Adopted South Wiltshire Core Strategy:

G1 (Sustainable development)G2 (General policies)C2 (Development in the open countryside)

C4 & C5 (Development within the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty)

Adopted South Wiltshire Core Strategy: Strategic Objective 8: transport choices

Applying the Spatial Strategy to the Mere Community Area

<u>Government Guidance</u>: National Planning Policy Framework March 2012

6. Planning Issues

- The principle of development
- The impact on the Cranborne Chase and West Wiltshire Downs Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty -Landscape, considerations
- Highways access/parking
- Business / Economy
- Archaeology
- Amenities of nearby property
- Drainage
- Other issues Appeals

7. Consultations

Zeals Parish Council

The parish council has provided a full letter setting out its reasons for rejection of the proposal. The full letter in which the Parish Council states, it is, once again, not able to support this application and recommends that Wiltshire Planners similarly reject it, is attached as Appendix 1.

Landscape Officer No objections

<u>Highways</u>

No highway objection to this application subject to conditions being imposed

Bourton Parish Council – summary:

Can't support such a plan and strongly object to the planning application made by Boyes Transport. The Council also maintain the view that should the applicant be successful BPC considers that the villages of Bourton and Zeals could be protected from additional traffic if the proposed site access was designed in order to physically prevent any traffic leaving the site from turning right (westwards) to Bourton and that there would be no left turn onto the site.

Highways Agency

The agency is content that the proposals will not have a detrimental effect on the strategic road network. On this basis the agency has no objections.

<u>Archaeology</u> No objections – conditions should be imposed

Economic development / growth office Support the proposal.

8. Publicity

The application was advertised by site notice posted 5/11/13 and by letter to neighbours. The following replies have been received:

Support

13 letters of support have been received raising the following issues:

Noise will not be an issue as the 4 lanes of traffic on the A303 is already generating noise greater than any likely from the proposal

The site is surrounded by fields that are worked using farming machinery - so no different - there are no close neighbours to be affected

Can't see how the proposal would be visually imposing, the site is currently a mess and a waste of useable land

Other local businesses are far more imposing than this would be

Other businesses operate without problems much closer to residential property

The nursery currently has far more vehicle movements than this proposal would

Nursery is more visually prominent than this proposal will be

Much easier for Lorries to access this site than St Martins business park further in the settlement

People who live in Zeals rely on this company for employment

The company employs local drivers keeping employment local

Site is on the outskirts of Zeals and drivers do not need to drive through Zeals

Don't see why people should not be able to live and work in Zeals

The site is ideal, out of any residential area, the A303 main trunking road is just yards away and the size and access meets all health and safety criteria it would tick all of VOSA's requirements securing the job security and future of Boyes Transport.

The land is conveniently situated right on the A303, it has ample space to manoeuvre and leave trailers and the entrance and exit is spacious for safe passage

Nursery in particular are concerned with the arrival and departure times of the trailers and just to reiterate the trailers will arrive after 6 pm on a Friday and be gone by 7 am on a Monday. These timings wouldn't affect the nursery after all. Additionally a petition in support of the proposal has been received with 18 signatures.

Objections

18 letters objecting to the proposal have been received raising the following issues;

Proposal will cause light and noise pollution

No guarantee that lorries will not arrive outside of agreed hours

Proposal will be a disaster for Zeals

Site it still situated within an AONB and its change of use would be at variance with the Wiltshire Core Strategy

Proposal will not bring any economic benefit to Zeals, let alone Long Cross

Applicants have not demonstrated there are no alternative sites

Proposal should be rejected as not suitable for heavy traffic use

Continued applications are insulting

Use conflicts with the day nursery use

Access to and from the site is poor

Proposal will have a negative impact on the local economy and local B&B business no assurance can be given that unused lorries will not return to their base during the week or indeed that lorries not owned by Boyes Transport will use the site for overnight storage during the week.

There would be nothing to stop Tractor units being parked overnight.

This application is for an activity totally unsuited to this quiet rural environment

Very concerned that the HGV's will journey through Zeals and Bourton, causing noise, traffic problems, danger to residents, and disturbance to properties

Harm to the AONB is not outweighed by any benefits from the proposal.

Insufficient information provided re change of use thus, Object ion noise grounds

A petition against the proposal on access safety grounds has been received from Leaping Frogs Day Nursery. The petition contains 44 signatures

9. Planning Considerations

Principle of Development:

The site is located within open countryside and the Cranborne Chase and West Wiltshire Downs Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty beyond any development boundary, where planning policies are restrictive of new development. Policy C2 makes clear that development in the countryside will be strictly limited and will not be permitted unless it would benefit the local economy and maintain or enhance the environment.

The site is within the Mere Community Area of the South Wiltshire Core Strategy (SWCS). The SWCS explains that 'within these Community Areas the approach is to plan as far as possible for self-contained settlements. This means focusing growth around settlements with a range of facilities, where local housing, service and employment needs can be met in a sustainable manner.'

The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) sets out the Government's planning policies for England and how these are expected to be applied and is a material consideration in planning decisions.

The NPPF explains that the purpose of the planning system is to contribute to the achievement of sustainable development of which there are three dimensions (economic, social and environmental). The planning system should ensure that sufficient land of the right type is available in the right places and contribute to protecting and enhancing the natural, built and historic environment.

In particular, paragraph 115 of the NPPF states that 'great weight should be given to conserving landscape and scenic beauty in Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty'.

The NPPF does not change the statutory status of the development plan as the starting point for decision making and where proposed development conflicts with an up-to-date local plan, it should be refused, unless material considerations indicate otherwise (for example whether there were significant benefits from the proposal that would outweigh the impact to the countryside and the AONB). This site is considered to be a previously developed site but, for many years has been in basic agricultural use. Planning permission was granted for an indoor bowling building on the site next door under planning application reference S/2004/0749 but, a day nursery use is now being carried on at the site.

An appeal against the refusal of planning permission S/2009/0014 on the site for an application for a change of use to HGV trailer storage was dismissed by the inspector and is a material consideration to this application. The inspector's report is attached at appendix 2.

A second application (S/2010/0784) was also refused and then dismissed at appeal. In both these appeals the inspector sited (amongst other things) the impact of the proposal on the rural setting of the area as a detrimental aspect of the application. This decision is also attached at Appendix 3 Whilst the site is located in a rural setting, it is nonetheless very close to the Mere / Zeals exit of the A303 and is sandwiched between two non agricultural uses. These are the Day Nursery on land to the East and an established Agricultural contractors type business to the west.

Whilst giving due material weight to the historic appeal decisions, when having regard to the particular site characteristics, (particularly in this case the linkages to the A303), and the fact that the site has existing commercial development both sides, the site is considered to be in a location where appropriate development should not be resisted as a matter of principle.

The impact on the Cranborne Chase and West Wiltshire Downs Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty - Landscape, considerations:

In summary, the AONB office has conferred the view that "the introduction of this industrial use to the AONB would neither conserve nor enhance the natural beauty of the AONB and therefore fails to meet the basic criteria for sustainable development within the AONB. Mr Brimble stresses the sustainable development thread in the NPPF but does not recognise that Paragraph 14, Footnote 9, provides an exception to the presumption in favour of sustainable development for AONBs and similar protected sites. In any case, the AONB is of the opinion that the proposed development is not sustainable.

There appears to be nothing new in the proposal to alter the view that the previous proposals were inappropriate for the AONB and hence this is an inappropriate proposal".

However, the councils landscape architect has considered this proposal and has provided extensive comments. These are set out as follows:

The site is located on the edge of Cranborne Chase and West Wiltshire Downs Area of Outstanding Beauty and lies to the east of Zeals. It is bounded by existing vegetation, hedgerows and trees, and an offsite plantation to the north. Immediately to the west and east of the site is a former depot and a nursery school. To the south lies the old main road (now the C380) and beyond this the dual carriageway of the (new) A303.

Two landscape reports have been submitted with the application. The first, a Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment (LVIA) completed in March 2010, for a former application for a similar development slightly larger than the current proposal. The overall assessment found the development to be of slight significance in terms of landscape and visual effects. There is an error in the LVIA, the overall visual sensitivity (page 26) is assessed as medium. However the matrix (page 28) records sensitivity as 'low' which reduces the overall significance. In fact the overall significance of visual effects should be <u>moderate</u> not slight.

The second report is an appraisal of the first LVIA in the context of the new guidelines published by the Landscape Institute and IEMA (GLIVA 3rd Edition). Needless to say the assessment reached the same conclusions for this lesser development and the error was carried through so I should reiterate that visual

effects will be moderately significant not slight. The reason that the significance for visual effects is enhanced (c.f. landscape effects) is that there are some high sensitivity residential receptors, although these views are seen within the context of the former depot

In terms of landscape character the LVIA has demonstrated that there will be no far reaching effects beyond the site. All existing perimeter planting, save the new entrance, will be retained. While there will be a change of character from an area of scrub to a hardstand for trailer storage with new fence and gate, the existing boundary and landscape features are retained so externally this change will not be perceptible except at the entrance. Furthermore as there is development either side of the site it will not be introducing a completely new and isolated change in character. Enhancement to landscape character will be provided by new native planting along the inside perimeter of the site. The application contains no information with regard to lighting proposals and it is considered that the applicant should not use lighting in a site that is only occupied at the weekend. Although there is a loss of local tranquillity from noise pollution due to the proximity of the A303, a dark site would help protect against intrusion from light pollution at least.

In visual terms the site has the capacity to accommodate change by the virtue of its enclosure. There will be no perceivable change to any important views or skylines although there will be a new entrance to the site which will alter the local visual amenity when viewed from the C380. Additional planting to low perimeter bunds will strengthen the boundaries further filtering views and will ensure that the site is not dependant on offsite planting to provide a visual screen. Activity on site is limited to dropping off containers on Friday and collection on Monday so for the most part the site will be empty or static, and this lack of movement further helps to reduce any perceived visual effects.

In conclusion it is considered that the submitted application complies with the emerging Core Strategy Policy CP51 Landscape, that requires development proposals to consider conserving landscape character and where possible should be *'enhanced through sensitive design, landscape mitigation and enhancement measures'*. I also find that there are no significant effects arising from the proposed development that are harmful to the countryside, the landscape character or intrinsic scenic beauty of the AONB.

On balance, whilst the commentary of the inspector in the appeal decisions for the previous proposals does relate specifically to landscape issues identifying concerns, The council has to consider all relevant material planning considerations on a case by case basis. In this regard, given the expert opinion of the Councils own Landscape Architect which clearly does not oppose the application on visual impacts on the countryside setting on the edge of the AONB grounds, it is not considered appropriate to oppose the application in this regard.

Conditions will be imposed including those to secure details of planting implementation, maintenance, tree protection and fencing.

Highways - access Issues / Lorries / Section 106:

The Wiltshire highways officer has been consulted and is satisfied that the traffic generated by this proposal will not cause undue problems on the adjoining highways. A new access is proposed and it will be necessary for the existing access to be stopped up upon completion of this. This can be covered by a suitable condition. Adequate visibility is available at the proposed access.

In general highways safety and access terms therefore, there are no objections to this proposal on highways safety grounds.

The concerns regarding road and traffic conflict and safety raised by neighbours and the Day Nursery are particularly noted but, in the absence of any highways objections or evidence that the proposal would be dangerous, it is not considered reasonable to oppose the application in this behalf.

Much concern is centred on a perception of impact from lorry traffic using the site and in particular, travelling west through the villages of Zeals and Bourton and so on. The ability to do this is not what is being applied for here and the application is clear that it will not be necessary for lorries to travel through the villages west, and in any event will not be using the site other than for very limited periods between specific predetermined times. The times will be limited to collection of the trailers on Monday morning and their return on Friday evening. As such the trailers will be moved on and off the site on only two occasions per week and no tractor units will remain on site for the remainder of the time. It is therefore difficult to foresee how this limited amount of movement per week is likely to cause any demonstrable harm or unreasonable disturbance to the adjoining uses and the immediate neighbours.

Furthermore, it is worth noting that – as far as can be ascertained - the established agricultural type contractors business adjoining the west of the site is not restricted in terms of its vehicle movements. Agricultural vehicles and lorries if necessary can access this site at any time and can travel in any direction they chose. There are very few – if any – weight restrictions to access through Zeals and Bourton probably due to the fact that the road in question is wide for most of its length being formerly part of the old A303. It is not a small village road.

Furthermore, from a planning policy point of view, through adopted policy the council would normally seek were possible to support existing rural business who wished to expand into adjoining sites to grow the business. Whilst such things cannot be pre-judged, the council may find such a proposal to expand from the existing businesses - either side - difficult to resist and it is considered that the impacts of such on the immediate area are likely to be no less significant than with this proposal.

On the matter of lorry travel to and from the site, the application is clear that this would only be via the A303 junction. However, significant concern has been raised regarding this matter and how – it is claimed - this is not likely to happen in reality. Whilst the applicants past compliance with operating licences - also claimed to have been breached - is not a material planning consideration, the concerns raised are nonetheless considered to be relevant and have been taken into account in order to manage public concern.

The location beside the A303 is clearly a key deciding factor for the company wanting to locate on the site, and agreement has been reached with the applicants to negotiate a section 106 legal agreement with a "lorry routing" agreement integral to it. This agreement will clearly identify routes that can be taken and be subject to a plan that illustrates "Barred" routes. Such agreements are not un-common and the council has negotiated similar agreements elsewhere in the general area recently. Moreover it is not unusual when using such agreements for the Parish Council to be involved in the detail and monitoring of the agreement and this case would be no exception.

Business / Economy Issues:

Enterprise Wiltshire has set a strategic vision for Wiltshire (detailed in the Wiltshire Economic Strategy 2012-2015), it comments on the general economic resilience of Wiltshire over recent years, however, areas of concern have been identified that must be addressed in order to maintain that resilience. It is imperative that Wiltshire creates the right environment for sustainable economic growth. In order to mitigate the impact of on-going economic uncertainty internationally and nationally, Enterprise Wiltshire has set a strategic vision for Wiltshire, which builds on the resilience of the economy and will develop its strengths into the medium to long term. The intention is to create 4,500 new jobs and safeguard a further 6,000 jobs (2012-2015) through focusing on the retention and growth of indigenous businesses, while supporting inward investment.

Wiltshire's Core Strategy Submission Document states that employment development in Wiltshire should seek to improve the retention of workers within the county. This application proposal supports this statement and will importantly retain what will be a Wiltshire business and the local employment it creates as well as developing Swindon and Wiltshire as an excellent location for businesses to develop and thrive.

Located within the strategic transport corridor of the A303, Boyes Transport employs approx 24 people and currently operates on a site that is considered by them as inadequate for their purposes of running a transportation business. As outlined above a key priority for Wiltshire is creating a resilient, sustainable and competitive economy, with a focus on creating and safeguarding jobs. This proposal accords with some of the stated priorities, providing much needed expansion space for the business, enabling it to grow, safeguard jobs, and importantly retain the businesses' operation in the County. It also supports the LEP priority of stimulating economic growth. Direct jobs can be expected to have a further impact on the local economy through a multiplier effect.

If this business is unable to expand on this site, they may have to locate elsewhere or consider ceasing operations which could both lead to the relocation or loss of 24 full-time employees.

This application will allow Boyes Transport to expand and retain their operation in Wiltshire?

In summary, from an economic development perspective, there is an imperative to support this business appropriately so that they are able to continue to locate their business within the county, and ensure that any unnecessary constraints to business expansion are avoided.

Archaeology Issues:

This site is of archaeological interest as it forms part of the Zeals airfield, a World War II airfield built in 1941. The site contains at least one structure, probably a pillbox, associated with the airfield. Structures such as this are heritage assets.

The NPPF (and previously the now superseded Planning Policy Statement 5) states that an application should describe the significance of heritage assets affected by an application. NPPF policy 128 states that 'Where a site on which development is proposed includes or has the potential to include heritage assets with archaeological interest, local planning authorities should require developers to submit an appropriate desk-based assessment and, where necessary, a field evaluation.' The new footprint of impact appears to be restricted to the new extension. I therefore do not consider that a field evaluation is necessary.

The NPPF also says: 141. Local planning authorities should make information about the significance of the historic environment gathered as part of plan-making or development management publicly accessible. They should also require developers to record and advance understanding of the significance of any heritage assets to be lost (wholly or in part) in a manner proportionate to their importance and the impact, and to make this evidence (and any archive generated) publicly accessible. However, the ability to record evidence of our past should not be a factor in deciding whether such loss should be permitted.

It would be preferable for the pillbox, and any other structures which may be present on this site, to be preserved and managed. The layout plan shows the Pill Box to be located on the west edge of the red line site. As such it should be possible to retain it in situ. However, if permission is granted and the development cannot take place without removal of the structure(s), then a programme of archaeological recording should take place in advance of any works. Suitable conditions will be imposed.

Amenities of nearby property:

Consideration has been given to the impact of the proposal on nearby residential dwellings. The nearest properties are to the south west of the site, including Long Cross Cottages. Conditions could be imposed to limit the impacts of the proposal from noise and disturbance (outside of certain hours).

It was not considered that the impact on nearby properties should form a reason for refusal previously, and this was not a matter that the Inspector considered should justify dismissal of the appeals. It is therefore considered that (other than in terms of traffic movements, see above) the proposal would not conflict with Local Plan policy G2.

Whilst concerns have again been raised regarding disturbance from noise, light and visual amenity in this proposal, for the reasons set out above, and in the absence of any evidence of harm, there are no objections in these regards. Furthermore it is worth noting that the agricultural contractors business has lighting which has not – as far as can be ascertained – caused problems and the relatively recently approved day nursery application did include significant lighting which was found to be acceptable by the council.

Drainage:

The applicants design and access statement confirms that the site will be surfaced with a permeable covering allowing surface water to soak through. The site is on underlying Green sand and thus this approach to drainage is considered to be acceptable. Wessex Water have been consulted and have made no comments in this regard.

Other issues

The applicants agents have provided further information to address the concerns and issues raised following the previous appeal decisions and initial consultation period. Member's attention is drawn to the further information which, is in the form of a letter attached to this report as appendix 4.

Barrister - letter received

A letter of objection to the proposal has been received which is also attached to this report at Appendix 5. This letter is from a barrister which - in summary - refers to the matters regarding the councils ability to (amongst other things) refuse to determine the application as a result of the appeals history. It is the view of the case officer that this letter requires careful consideration due (amongst other things) to the significance of the source of this letter. Legal advice has been sought and an update will be given at the meeting.

10. Conclusion

On balance, whilst it is clear that this proposal remains to be controversial locally, the specific details relating to this proposal including the proposed landscaping, the reduced site area, the safe access and close proximity to the A303, and the section 106 "lorry Routeing" agreement, the proposal is considered to be in general accordance with relevant planning policy.

Furthermore in combination with appropriate planning conditions including a condition controlling hours during which the site can be in use, the proposal is not likely to cause any demonstrable environmental harm adversely affecting neighbour amenity or other matters of acknowledged importance. As such the proposal is considered to be acceptable from a Town & Country Planning point of view.

Recommendation

To delegate to the Area Development Manager to approve planning permission subject to the signing of a section 106 agreement to include a Lorry routeing agreement, and subject to the following conditions:

1. The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

REASON: To comply with the provisions of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

2. No development shall commence on site until details of the design, external appearance and decorative finish of all railings, fences, gates, walls, bollards and other means of enclosure have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details prior to the development being first brought into use.

REASON: In the interests of visual amenity and the character and appearance of the area.

3. No development shall commence on site until details of the stopping up of all existing accesses, both pedestrian and vehicular, have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. That stopping up shall take place in accordance with the approved details within one month of the opening of the new access. After that time the sole means of vehicular and pedestrian access to the development shall be as shown on the plans hereby approved.

REASON: In the interests of highway safety.

4. No development shall commence on site until a scheme of hard and soft landscaping has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority, the details of which shall include:-

- location and current canopy spread of all existing trees and hedgerows on the land;
- full details of any to be retained, together with measures for their protection in the course of development;
- a detailed planting specification showing all plant species, supply and planting sizes and planting densities;
- finished levels and contours;
- means of enclosure;
- car park layouts;
- other vehicle and pedestrian access and circulation areas;
- all hard and soft surfacing materials;
- proposed and existing functional services above and below ground (e.g. drainage, power, communications, cables, pipelines etc indicating lines, manholes, supports etc);

- retained historic landscape features and proposed restoration, where relevant.
- All shall be planted in accordance with BS3936 (Parts 1 and 4), BS4043 and BS4428

REASON: To ensure a satisfactory landscaped setting for the development and the protection of existing important landscape features.

Landscaping To Be Carried Out & Maintained

5. All soft landscaping comprised in the approved details of landscaping shall be carried out in the first planting and seeding season following the first occupation of the building(s) or the completion of the development whichever is the sooner; All shrubs, trees and hedge planting shall be maintained free from weeds and shall be protected from damage by vermin and stock. Any trees or plants which, within a period of five years, die, are removed, or become seriously damaged or diseased shall be replaced in the next planting season with others of a similar size and species, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the local planning authority. All hard landscaping shall also be carried out in accordance with the approved details prior to the occupation of any part of the development or in accordance with a programme to be agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority.

REASON: To ensure a satisfactory landscaped setting for the development and the protection of existing important landscape features.

6. No development shall commence within the area indicated (proposed development site) until:

- A written programme of archaeological investigation, which should include onsite work and off-site work such as the analysis, publishing and archiving of the results, has been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority; and
- The approved programme of archaeological work has been carried out in accordance with the approved details.

REASON: To enable the recording of any matters of archaeological interest. Further Recommendations: The work should be conducted by a professional recognised archaeological contractor in accordance with the written scheme of investigation agreed by this office and there will be a financial implication for the applicant.

7. No external lighting shall be installed on site until plans showing the type of light appliance, the height and position of fitting, illumination levels and light spillage in accordance with the appropriate Environmental Zone standards set out by the Institute of Lighting Engineers in their publication *"Guidance Notes for the Reduction of Obtrusive Light" (ILE, 2005)"*, have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved lighting shall be installed and shall be maintained in accordance with the approved details and no additional external lighting shall be installed.

REASON: In the interests of the amenities of the area and to minimise unnecessary light spillage above and outside the development site

8. The manoeuvring Delivery and collection of trailers in connection with the use hereby permitted shall only take place between the hours of 06:00 and 07:30 in the morning and 18:00 and 19:30 in the evening) from Mondays to Fridays. The use shall not take place at any time on Sundays and Bank or Public Holidays.

REASON: To ensure the creation/retention of an environment free from intrusive levels of noise and activity in the interests of the amenity of the area.

9. The development hereby approved shall be carried out in accordance with the following list of documents and plans:

- Design & Access Statement, Dated October 2013, received 25/10/13
- Landscape & Visual Impact Assessment, Dated March 2010, received 25/10/13
- Report on Landscape Character & Visual Implications of Planning Submission, Dated October 2013, received 25/10/13
- Plan ref No: 995/PL1 "Application Site As existing Plan" Dated 8th October 2013, received 25/10/13
- Plan ref No: 995/PL3 "Proposals Plan" Dated 10th October 2013, received 25/10/13
- Plan ref No: 08 079 7, Revision F "Location Plan" Dated 11/11/2008, received 25/10/13

Reason: In the interest of clarity

Appendices

Background Documents Used in the Preparation of this Report:

Zeals Parish Council letter. Appendix 1 Appeal decision letter Ref: APP/Y3940/A/09/2108677 - Appendix 2 Appeal decision letter Ref: APP/Y3940/A/10/2139273 - Appendix 3 Applicants further information letter. Appendix 4 Letter from Barrister Appendix 5 Appendix 1 - Zeals Parish Council letter

Zeals Parish Council

Chairman: Mr C Spencer. Search Farm, Stourton. Warminster, Wiltshire BA12 6QQ

Clerk to the Council: Mr P.Knott. Garden Cottage, Stalbridge Weston, Sturminster Newton. Dorset DT10 2LA

21st November 2013

Mr Andrew Bidwell Development Services Wiltshire Council PO Box 2281 Salisbury SP2 2HX

Dear Mr Bidwell

Planning Application Number 13/05423/FUL Proposed HGV Lorry Park Zeals

This application differs little from the two previous applications, both refused by the Wiltshire Council and the Appeals Inspectors. The application or the circumstances surrounding the application have not materially changed except in one significantly regard.

After much deliberation by the planners, jumping through hoops by the applicant and full support from the village, Leaping Frogs Nursery were granted temporary planning consent for a pre-school on the adjacent site to this application. Granting permanent permission for the storage of trailers on the adjoining site would be wholly inconsistent and incompatible on safety grounds for children and parents many of whom have to walk past the proposed lorry entrance on foot. We herewith consider both this and the previous appeals separately.

The decisions taken by the Appeals Inspectors following consideration of the two previous appeals should again stand in this case for the following currently highly relevant reasons-

1. The site is located within an AONB. Relevant Wiltshire Core Strategy policies include:

Policy C2- Development in the countryside will be strictly limited and will not be permitted unless it would benefit the local economy and maintain or enhance the environment.

Policy C4 - Within the Cranborne Chase and West Wiltshire Downs Area of Outstanding National Beauty development will not be permitted if it would harm the natural beauty of the landscape.

Policy C5 - Within the Cranborne Chase and West Wiltshire Downs Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty small scale development proposals will only be permitted where they are in accordance with the policies of this Local Plan and provided that:

the siting and scale of development are sympathetic with the landscape of the AONB in general and of the particular locality, and standards of landscaping and design are high, using materials which are appropriate to the locality and reflect the character of the area.

- 2. The proposed development will totally change the character and appearance of the site, previously used exclusively for agricultural purposes in keeping with the surrounding area.
- 3. 16 HGV trailers, with tractor units entering and leaving the site will have a significant impact on nearby properties and surrounding area.
- 4. Assurances have been given that lorries will not return to the site during the week, or use the site for overnight storage or parking for tractor units. Inclusion of an undertaking restricting usage of the site for overnight storage or parking for tractor units in a Section 106 Agreement would provide some reassurance but there will be no means of enforcement.
- 5. The site is located within the small, quiet hamlet of Longcross, with eight residential properties and a bed and breakfast business in close proximity. Sixteen HGV trailers being moved by tractor units will have a serious impact on local noise levels for nearby properties, will impact on the resale value of these properties and affect the viability of the established business.
- 6. The application states that vehicle movements will only take place on Monday mornings and Friday afternoons. Whilst an undertaking from Boyes Transport to this effect and that their lorries will not drive through the villages of Zeals and Bourton, supported by the Section 106 Agreement, could be entered into there is no means of enforcement.
- 7. The local community will receive no economic benefit from the application whatsoever.
- 8. The applicant's representatives at the PC meeting were unable to give any assurance that their trailers are always empty. These would be a magnet to thieves and high powered security lighting required
- 9. The applicant would no doubt want to install other high level floodlighting to assist with vehicle movements after dark. This would be very conspicuous & intrusive to the neighbouring properties and the pre-school..
- 10. The applicant could produce no evidence of a Sequential Site Search to demonstrate that they had made efforts to locate a suitable site NOT within an AONB.

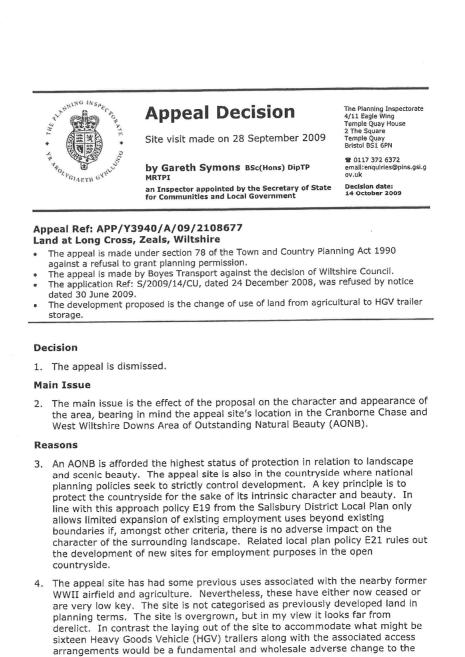
Much emphasis is placed by the applicant in the establishment, just over a year ago, of Leaping Frogs Nursery and Pre-School on an adjacent site to that of this application. This site was granted permission to be expressly used for the purposes of a pre-school by Wiltshire Planners. Its quiet rural location is considered a safe, secure and ideal location for the education of young children. The site was formerly a Wiltshire Council owned and run Picnic Site but was disused and derelict. It was a nuisance and a liability to Zeals Parish Council. It now provides good rental income to the parish. Therefore the following are considered highly relevant to this application:-

- 1. The Pre-School is very successful enterprise, providing employment to twelve local people, a much-needed service to the local community and is currently being used by 140 families from the surrounding area.
- 2. The proposed trailer park, if it was to proceed, would have a significant impact on this recently established business. This would be a major loss to the local villages and affect the viability of Whitesheet Primary School in Zeals.
- 3. The application by Leaping Frogs was massively supported by the local community the proposed trailer park is not supported at all.
- 4. At the insistence of Wiltshire Planners the planning permission for the adjoining site, for the Pre-School, was only for a period of five years, with mobile buildings providing the accommodation. No permanent buildings have been or can be erected.
- 5. At peak early morning and late afternoon periods up to 50 vehicles can be on site at the Pre-School, delivering or collecting children, at the same time as HGV vehicles are entering or exiting through an access immediately next to the one for the Pre-School.
- 6. Many parents walk their children to the Pre-School from Zeals village centre. They would have to walk across the trailer park entrance in the path of the lorries coming and going.

For all of these above reasons this Parish Council is, once again, not able to support this application and recommends that Wiltshire Planners similarly reject it. **Yours faithfully**

John Wigg Chairman Zeals PC Planning Committee

Appendix 2 - Appeal decision letter Ref: APP/Y3940/A/09/2108677



5. I acknowledge the presence of existing trees and that a landscape and visual impact assessment was carried out. However this concluded that the proposal

would have a moderate impact. In my view that is not insignificant. Also, despite what the appellant states, the AONB team did not withdraw its objection to the scheme. Serious landscape concerns were raised and these were reflected in the strongly recommended and stringent nature of the conditions suggested, if the Council was minded to approve the application. These show to me that mitigation by planting is not the way forward and cannot necessarily be relied upon to ameliorate the impact of the proposal. Even if it did help to lessen the visual impact, the proposed new and substantial commercial presence would harm the basic character of this part of the AONB contrary to the aim of conserving the landscape.

- 6. I appreciate the struggle to identify a place to store the HGV trailers. The support for moving to this site from the neighbouring planning authority is also noted. It is clearly unsatisfactory for a haulage business to have such an ad hoc and un-secure arrangement of lorry trailers parked in various lay-bys or roads when not in use. Moving some operations to the appeal site would resolve this situation. Nevertheless, the firm has operated for over twenty years under its current arrangements 17 full-time jobs with numerous connections to other businesses in the area and further afield.
- 7. I do not want to necessarily hinder or frustrate the future interests of the haulage firm. However, given the success of the business so far, there is nothing of any substance to support statements that the business and jobs would actually be at risk if this appeal failed. Road traffic problems around the current transport depot referred to by the police seem to be relatively minor and they do not seriously threaten the future of the business.
- 8. I recognise that other national, regional and local planning policies offer support for business uses in terms of the benefits that they bring to local economies. Also there are transport policies that might lend support to the proposal. However these cannot be considered in isolation from countryside protection policies. Indeed of the other policies and objectives referred to, in the main, they also seek to protect and maintain an attractive countryside. There is a balance to be struck in situations such as this. In doing so, PPS7 *Sustainable Development in Rural Areas* advises that in an AONB the conservation of the natural beauty of the landscape and countryside should be given great weight in planning policies and development control decisions in such areas. I attach this weight accordingly and that outweighs other planning aims, including those relating to economic development and transport.
- 9. The adjacent former Council depot, now used for agricultural machinery and plant repairs, is acknowledged. However, the presence of another business does not mean that other land should be developed. Extending the agricultural repair business into the appeal site either by the current operator, or by the appellant if they bought that site and wanted to expand into the adjoining land for haulage purposes, may be considered differently under the terms of local plan policy E19. However, that is not what is before me and there is no planning history on the appeal site that I am aware of to suggest that such an extension might be possible. This argument therefore has only limited weight.
- The history of the former picnic and toilet area is noted, including planning permission for a bowling club. However I understand that permission has now

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expired. Also the community background to that case is different from this appeal which points me towards the premise that each case should be considered on its individual merits. In the same context, what other employment uses the Council may have approved elsewhere in and around Zeals have very little bearing on this appeal. Alleged inconsistency of decision making by the Council is a matter between the appellant and the Council away from this appeal.

- 11. I have read the appeal decision relating to land at Beehive Cottage, Old Sarum, Salisbury. That was for a change of use of a building and the erection of a new building to form a healthcare clinic. The level and nature of existing development at the edge of Salisbury also seems very different to the setting of this appeal site. Given these considerations, despite the parallels referred to by the appellant, the other appeal case is materially different from the one now before me which very much limits the weight to be attached to it.
- 12. I appreciate that the appellant sought the advice of the Council's officers before purchasing the site and how this was favourable subject to specific issues. However, in my experience such opinion does not bind a local planning authority's decision on any future planning application. The same can also be said about an officer recommendation for approval. Members of a planning committee are not duty bound to accept the advice of their officers. Therefore, the nature of the advice on which the decision to purchase the site was made does not weigh in favour of the proposal.
- 13. I accept that from a road point of view there is no objection to the scheme from the highway authority or the Highway Agency. I also note the unilateral undertaking that seeks to control traffic turning, provide road signage and a replacement lay-by. Therefore while some objectors have raised traffic concerns, these do not mean that the appeal should fail on these grounds. I do not find any significant harm to interests of reducing the need to travel or to surrounding residential amenity, taking into account that the Council's Environmental Health Officer did not object to the scheme. I also agree with the appellant that being outside the housing policy boundary of Zeals is not particularly relevant.
- 14. However, these and any other matters raised are not sufficient to outweigh my finding of harm to the character and appearance of the area which is statutorily designated for its scenic quality. As such I find a conflict with the countryside protection aims of local plan policies E19 and E21. Therefore the appeal fails.

Gareth Symons

INSPECTOR

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The Planning Inspectorate

Direct Line:

Quality Assurance Unit Temple Quay House 2 The Square Temple Quay Bristol BS1 6PN

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Jenny Strange		
Wiltshire Council Wyndham Road Office 61 Wyndham Road Salisbury Wiltshire SP1 3AH	Your Ref:	S/2009/14/CU
	Our Ref:	APP/Y3940/A/09/2108677/NWF
	Date:	14 October 2009

Dear Ms Strange

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 Appeal by Boyes Transport Site at Land At, Long Cross, Zeals, Warminster, BA12 6NE

I enclose a copy of our Inspector's decision on the above appeal.

If you have queries or complaints about the decision or the way we handled the appeal, you should submit them using our "Feedback" webpage at www.planninginspectorate.gov.uk/pins/agency info/complaints/complaints dealing.htm. This page also contains information on our complaints procedures and the right of challenge to the High Court, the only method by which the decision can be reconsidered.

If you do not have internet access, or would prefer hard copies of our information on the right to challenge and our complaints procedure, please contact our Quality Assurance Unit on 0117 372 8252 or in writing to the address above.

Please note the Planning Inspectorate is not the administering body for High Court challenges. If you would like more information on the strictly enforced deadlines for challenging, or a copy of the forms for lodging a challenge, please contact the Administrative Court on 0207 947 6655.

Yours sincerely

Jacky Parsons

COVERDL1



You can now use the Internet to submit documents, to see information and to check the progress of this case through the Planning Portal. The address of our search page is -<u>http://www.pcs.planningportal.gov.uk/pcsportal/casesearch.asp</u> You can access this case by putting the above reference number into the 'Case Ref' field of the 'Search' page and clicking on the search button



The Planning Inspectorate

An Executive Agency in the Department for Communities & Local Government and the Welsh Assembly Government

21 Century Appeals Service **Proportionate, Customer Focused and Efficient**

Background

The Planning Act 2008 received Royal Assent on 26 November 2008. One of the main aims of the Act is to improve the speed of the appeals process. The focus is on the principles of proportionality, customer focus and efficiency.

Guidance is being developed and will soon be available on our website. Look out for this at the links overleaf.

The following is a brief overview of the key changes coming into place on 6th April 2009.

Nature and Content of Appeal Documents

Appellants and local planning authorities (LPA) must ensure that their reasons for refusal and grounds of appeal (GoA) are clear, precise, comprehensive, and that the GoA relate to the scheme as refused at application stage, without substantial changes which could lead to any party being prejudiced. Applicants should not normally proceed to appeal unless all efforts to negotiate a solution with the LPA, including through amending their proposals, have been exhausted. They should be confident at the time of appeal that they have a clear case and do not need to commission further evidence.

Determining the Appeal Method

The Planning Inspectorate (on behalf of the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government) will be able to decide whether planning or enforcement appeals under the 1990 Act should proceed by written representations, hearing or inquiry. The appellant and LPA will have the opportunity to put forward their views on their preferred procedure. Criteria for determining the procedure (indicative) can be found on our website.

• Householder Appeal Service

There will be a streamlined appeal process for householder planning appeals to be determined within 8 weeks. The appeal period for house-holder appeals will be 12 weeks.

• Meeting the timetables Once an appeal is accepted and validated by the Planning Inspectorate, it is crucial that all parties adhere to the statutory deadlines at each stage. Parties should also maintain a regular and continuing dialogue to ensure that the issues can be clearly established between them. with no last minute surprises arising.



Streamlined Appeal Procedures (Statement of Common Ground)

There is new guidance being issued to streamline the appeal process. An example of the new streamlined process is main parties will no longer be able to submit final comments for hearing or inquiries at the 9 week stage, and the statement of common ground will be required 6 weeks after the appeal has started.

Correction of Errors

The appellant or landowner's written consent will no longer be required to correct an error in a Planning Inspectors decision under the "Slip Rule" (i.e. a minor error that does not materially affect the decision).

 Making Costs Applications
 Parties to an appeal will be able to apply for Costs in written representation cases. A revised Circular on Costs is in preparation.

Key Websites Key websites for information regarding the 21st Century Appeal Service.

21st Century Appeals Service

For a full explanation of all of the changes described overleaf and the latest information on making an appeal using the 21st Century appeals service visit the '21Century Appeals Service' web page on the Planning Inspectorate web site: http://www.planning-inspectorate.gov.uk/pins/21st_century/index.html

Householder Appeal Service

Information about the new Householder Appeals Service is on the Planning Inspectorate's website:

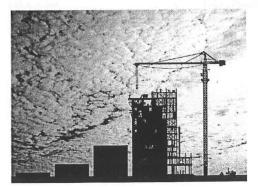
http://www.planning-inspectorate.gov.uk/pins/appeals/householder_appeals.htm

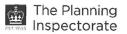
The Planning Act 2008

To view the actual Planning Act 2008 visit the Office of Public Sector Information (OPSI) website:

http://www.opsi.gov.uk/acts/acts2008/ukpga 20080029 en 1

Making an Appeal For general Information on making an appeal, to follow the progress of an appeal and to submit an appeal online, visit the Planning Portal website: http://www.planningportal.gov.uk/pcsl





Appeal Decision

Site visit made on 3 March 2011

by R J Marshall LLB Dip TP MRTPI

an Inspector appointed by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government Decision date: 6 May 2011

Appeal Ref: APP/Y3940/A/10/2139273 Land at Long Cross, Zeals, Wiltshire BA12 6NE

- The appeal is made under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 against a refusal to grant planning permission.
- The appeal is made by Boyes Transport Limited against the decision of Wiltshire Council.
- The application Ref S/2010/784/FULL, dated 6 April 2010, was refused by notice dated 23 July 2010.
- The development proposed is change of use of land from agricultural to HGV trailer storage, form new vehicular and pedestrian access and relocate layby.

Decision

1. The appeal is dismissed.

Procedural Matters

 Following my site visit the Planning Inspectorate (PINS) contacted the Council and the appellant on my behalf seeking their observations on the Ministerial Statement of 23 March 2011, Planning for Growth, and some other detailed matters. Both parties have responded to this and their replies have been taken into account in this decision.

Main Issue

3. The main issues in this appeal are a) whether the proposed development accords with national and local Policies on the location of new development and its effect on the character and appearance of the area having regard to its location in the Cranborne Chase and West Wiltshire Downs Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) and b) if it is found to conflict with such Polices, and fails to have due regard to the high status of protection afforded to AONBs, whether this would be outweighed by other material considerations.

Reasons

Main issue

Background

4. In 2009 an appeal was dismissed for a similar proposal made by the same appellant. It was found that the proposed development would harm the character and appearance of the area and that none of the matters put forward in support outweighed that harm.

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5. The appellant says that there are material differences between that proposal and the one in the current appeal. The differences referred to include the scale of the proposal, the findings of a new landscape assessment and evidence on the appellant's need for these premises. Finally, it is said that Planning Policy Statement 4: Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth (PPS4), which postdates the previous appeal decision, provides more favourable national planning guidance for the scheme.

Rural Location/Character and appearance

- 6. The appeal site is in a countryside location within the AONB beyond any development boundary. It fronts onto the C380 and is close to an access with that road and the A303.
- 7. The appeal site is a roughly rectangular shaped area of land, once said to have been agricultural land but now scrubland that has been unused for many years. Along its road frontage is a hedgerow and to the rear of the site a coniferous woodland. To the west of the appeal site is a small depot for the service and repair of agricultural plant and machinery. To the east is a well wooded area. This is the site of a former picnic area. At one stage planning permission was granted for an indoor bowling club on this land. However, it is understood that this permission has now lapsed.
- 8. In the vicinity of the appeal site the AONB boundary runs along the adjoining C380. In itself the appeal site is an unremarkable flat piece of land and that part of the coniferous woodland to the north is of little note. However, much of its wider setting is most attractive, comprising rising downland within the AONB to the north and attractive fields and hedgerows and groups of cottages to the south and west. The A303 runs to the south of the C380. However, it appears to be at a slightly lower level and does not intrude unduly upon the appeal site. The overall impression is of a site in a most attractive rural setting.
- 9. The appeal site comprises a large area of land. It is proposed to lay most of the site down to hardstanding. Most of the perimeter of the site would be delineated by a proposed low bund and associated new planting. On the boundary with the highway this bund and planting would be to the rear of the existing hedge. In addition, supplementary planting to this hedgerow is proposed. An existing gateway towards the west of the site would be blocked up and access to the site would be from a widened gateway to the east.
- 10. The application plans show only a small part of the site at its far western end to be used for the parking of 10 articulated trailers. In the scheme considered under the previous appeal it had been indicated that 16 trailers would be stored. Returning to the current proposal, a note on the plan says that tractor units would not be stored on the site. The remainder of the proposed substantial hardsurfaced area is shown clear of any development or proposed parking. However, a diagram shows that some of this area would be used for the manoeuvring of vehicles.
- 11. The appellant's detailed landscape assessment concludes that in visual and landscape character terms the proposed development would be of only slight significance. The evidence given on the previous appeal was that that proposal would have a moderate impact. This degree of impact was felt to be sufficient, in this AONB location, to warrant dismissing the appeal.

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- 12. The new landscape study has been closely assessed having regard to all the submissions made and an extensive site visit was undertaken. It is considered that the impact of the proposed development, having regard to the sensitivity of the landscape and to the ability to mitigate the impact of the proposal on the landscape, has been underestimated.
- 13. In part this is because of the weight the appellant's landscape assessment places on the quality of the appeal site per-se and its immediate surroundings. Insufficient account has been taken of the broader context of the site with regard to the downland to the north in the AONB and the attractive landscape to the south and west. The fact that the lie of the land and extensive woodland would screen the site from many areas does not prevent it appearing, especially when travelling along the C380, as an integral part of its surroundings including the nearby downland within the AONB.
- 14. Moreover, it is considered that undue weight should not be paced on the commercial depot to the west of the site. This is not an attractive site and seen from the west buildings and equipment stored on it are noticeable. However, it is a much smaller property than the appeal site and this limits the extent to which it intrudes harmfully on the character and appearance of the surrounding area. What harm it does cause is no justification for development that might add to that harm. The appellant also refers to the land to the east of the site once used as a picnic area. However, no substantial evidence has been provided on the impact that this use had on the character and appearance of the area. This area is heavily wooded and there is little evidence from the roadside of the former use. Little weight should be given for the permission for a bowling facility on this site given that the permission has lapsed.
- 15. Turning to the impact that the proposed development would have on the landscape much has been made of the scope for the mitigating effect of landscaping. A substantial amount of landscaping is proposed and the appellant suggests that this is a major factor leading to the revised landscape assessment. However, it would be unwise to rely too much upon this. First, it could take some time for planting of an extent that would screen a site of this size and proposed use to become established. Second, it would not be possible to require the retention and maintenance of such planting in perpetuity. In the previous appeal decision the Inspector, correctly, noted that "mitigation by planting is not the way forward". There is thus the potential for the proposed use of the site to be sufficiently apparent in views along the C380 in its vicinity to be to the detriment of the character and appearance of the area. This in itself would be harmful.
- 16. In arriving at this view it is accepted that lorries could currently be parked on the layby in front of the site. However, such parking would be likely to be a relatively transient affair and something often associated with such roads. It does not justify development of the type proposed. In any event the layby would be re-provided a short distance to the east so the potential for lorry parking in the area would not be removed.
- 17. Moreover, the need to provide security in a fairly remote location with a lengthy road frontage needs to be taken into account. Proposals for security lighting, if later regarded as necessary, could be difficult to resist. Such lighting, even if required to be approved by condition, could well add further harm to the proposed development. Whilst this matter is not relied upon in this decision it does add weight to the conclusion reached.

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- 18. Also adding weight to the conclusion is the pressure that could arise to allow an expansion of the commercial operation of the site, either from the appellant or future occupiers. Given the substantial size of the site there is a clear potential for a much more extensive use of it than is now suggested would take place. A condition could be imposed limiting the number of trailers stored. However, once the principal of a commercial use of the site had been established it may well be difficult to resist later proposals for a more intensive use that would, cumulatively and over time, have an even greater adverse effect on the character and appearance of the area.
- 19. It is considered that the proposed development would detract from the character and appearance of the surrounding area. This would be contrary to Policy C2 of the Salisbury District Local Plan (2003) in so far that it seeks to strictly limit new development in the countryside and to Policy C4 in so far that it has regard to guidance in Planning Policy Statement 7: Sustainable Development in Rural Areas (PPS7) on the need to conserve the natural beauty of the landscape and countryside of the AONB.
- 20. In arriving at this view regard has been had to the appellant's reference to Local Plan Policy E17. However, that relates to the developments involving the construction or conversion of buildings on the edge of settlements and is thus not applicable in this case.

Other material considerations

- 21. As the Inspector noted in the previous appeal there is other national guidance and regional and local planning Policies that offer support for business uses in terms of the benefits that they bring to local economies. That did not outweigh the harm that he found would arise to the character and appearance of the area.
- 22. However, regard must now also be had to PPS4. This advises Councils to take a positive and constructive approach to planning applications for economic development. Planning applications that secure sustainable economic growth should be treated favourably. In rural areas development should be supported when, amongst other things, it enhances the vitality and viability of market towns and rural services. However, this has to be seen in the context of other guidance in the PPS, that the countryside should be protected for the sake of its intrinsic character and beauty and that in rural areas there should be strict control of economic development in the open countryside away from existing settlements. This reiterates guidance found elsewhere.
- 23. The appellant refers to a seminar on PPS4 given by the Department for Communities and Local Government. This referred to the economic downturn not being over and the need, therefore, to support the economic aspirations of communities. However, whilst there is no doubt that significant weight should be attached to the need to secure economic growth and employment this should be consistent with PPS4 read as a whole.
- 24. Account now also needs to be taken also of the Ministerial Statement "Planning for Growth". This gives a high priority to sustainable economic growth and jobs. It says that the answer to development and growth should wherever possible be "yes", except where this would have compromise the key stainable development principles set out in national Planning guidance. These principals include the maintenance of high and stable levels of economic growth and employment, but also require the effective protection of the environment. The

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Ministerial Statement also makes it clear that all relevant considerations need to be taken into account and that decisions should be consistent with guidance in PPS4.

- 25. The appellant's operate a haulage company established in the mid 1980s and built up since then to its present size. The company employs 16 full-time HGV drivers and one mechanic. It is an important part of the local business community with many links to other businesses in the area. The current proposal, whilst opposed by many residents in the local community, is supported by a substantial number of local businesses.
- 26. The business is based on the site, at Stoke Trister, on which it was founded. This is a site in the countryside to the south of the A303 and accessed via country lanes. This site was viewed at the appellant's request. The tractor units for the business are parked on the site, and so are some trailers. However, the appellant says that the poor access to it along rural lanes makes the site unsuitable for this purpose.
- 27. It is also said that insufficient space on the Stoke Trister site has resulted in the need to park trailers in laybys and in and around industrial estates in the nearby town of Wincanton. This has led to an Inquiry in December 2010, held by the Traffic Commissioner, and a formal warning being issued to the company for breaching its operator's licence. The appellant says that the implications of this warning are that the company could have its operator's licence revoked, curtailed, suspended or removed in its entirety should further complaints arise. In that event, says the appellant, it would result in the loss of employment in connection with his business and also the businesses locally that serve his operation. It is said that in the previous appeal decision, which predated the Traffic Commissioner Inquiry, insufficient account was taken of the potential threat to the business.
- 28. The site at Stoke Trister is far from ideal for the purposes of the appellant's business given its location off narrow rural roads. However, it seems as though this would continue to be the base for the appellant's large tractor units. Moreover, even if the appeal was allowed this would not prevent the storage of trailers on this site either by the appellant or a future operator. Limited weight should therefore be attached to the unsuitability of the present site in terms of the impact of vehicles on country lanes.
- 29. The appeal site is much more conveniently located with regard to the main road network than Stoke Trister. However, the greatest advantage of such a site would appear to be if the entire business operated from it. As it is only proposed to store trailers on the site the benefit in business terms of a location close to the A303 would be more limited than would otherwise be the case.
- 30. Turning to the threat to the future of the business referred to by the appellant the company has sought unsuccessfully over many years, prior to the purchase of the appeal site in 2007, to find a site in the locality to store trailers. The potential implication of the loss of jobs is a matter, especially in current economic circumstances, to which substantial regard should be had. However, the potential harm to the character and appearance of the area from the development as applied for is such that these considerations would not justify the proposal. Adding weight to this view, though I do not rely on it, the appellant has not adequately explained why the proposed site is required when 2 authorised operating centres are specified on the Goods Vehicle Operator's licence. On the second site more trailers and vehicles may be stored than at

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Stoke Trister. Taking both sites together the licence authorises the use of 14 vehicles and 14 trailers. The appellant says that the second site does not have planning permission for trailer storage and that it has not been used by the appellant. However, this does not adequately address whether the site could lawfully be used for this purpose.

31. A further concern lies on the principle of a case being made out on the needs of a particular company when the planning permission would run with the land and guidance in Circular 11/95 on conditions is that it is seldom desirable to provide otherwise. The appellant has said that there would be no objection to a condition making the permission personal to the appellant company, or to Mr and Mrs Boyes, presumably to overcome concerns on the permission running with the land albeit no express reason is given. However, guidance in Circular 11/95 is that conditions limiting a use to a company are inappropriate. This is because shares can be transferred to other persons without affecting the legal personality of the company. As the application is not under the name of Mr and Mrs Boyes, a condition should not be imposed limiting permission to them personally. In any event, even were it possible to impose such a condition, it could well be difficult to resist later attempts to remove it.

Conclusion on main issue

- 32. Drawing together my findings on this issue the matters put forward by the appellant in support of the proposal the needs of businesses and the retention of employment are potentially weighty considerations. However, there is a need to balance this with the protection of the environment. The case on environmental grounds to refuse permission is strong and the appellant has not made out a sufficiently sound case to overcome that harm.
- 33. It is concluded that the proposed development would fail to accord with national and local Policies on the location of new development, would detract from the character and appearance of the area and fail to have due regard to the high status of protection afforded to the Cranborne Chase and West Wiltshire Downs Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB). This harm would not be outweighed by other material considerations.
- 34. In arriving at this view regard has been had to 2 appeal decisions referred to by the appellant. In enforcement appeal APP/M0655/C/09/2097507 planning permission was granted for the storage of heavy goods vehicle trailers on a site near Warrington. However, whilst some similarities exist between that case and the one in this appeal the characteristics of the site and its location differ significantly from the case in the current appeal. Moreover, although a personal condition was imposed, relating to individuals, that does not alter my view that in the case before me that would not be acceptable. On appeal APP/N1215/A/09/2113045 planning permission was granted for an agricultural building in an AONB. However, the circumstances of that development differ significantly from the current appeal. Thus the fact that the Inspector found that the need for the proposal outweighed harm in that case is not indicative of the approach to be taken on the appeal before me.

Other matters

35. The Council had also been concerned that an Undertaking was not in place to ensure the relocation of the layby fronting the site. However, it has correctly conceded that this could have been dealt with by Grampian condition.

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- 36. The Council was also concerned that no Undertaking had been submitted to ensure that lorries from the site did not travel east from the site through the nearby village of Zeals on the C380 to the detriment of residents living conditions. The appellant has now submitted an Undertaking covering signage and saying that the best endeavours would be used to prevent vehicles travelling this way to and from the site. Like some local residents I doubt the enforceability of the Undertaking. That said, given the good access to the east of the site onto the A303, it is unlikely that much traffic from the site would travel west.
- 37. Notwithstanding local concerns the site inspection showed adequate visibility splays at the site access and the distance of the site from houses should prevent unacceptable harm to residents from noise and disturbance or pollution.
- 38. However, the above considerations do not make the proposed development acceptable given the harm found to the countryside and AONB.

Conclusion

39. For the reasons given above the appeal is dismissed.

R J Marshall

INSPECTOR

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Appendix 4 – Applicants further information letter

BRIMBLE, LEA & PARTNERS

Planning Consultants, Chartered Architects & Surveyors

Wessex House, High Street, Gillingham, Dorset SP8 4AG Tel: 01747 823232 Fax: 01747 825363 blp@brimblelea.com www.brimblelea.com

21st March 2014

AFGB/JK/08079

Our Ref.

Your Ref.

Andrew Bidwell Development Manager Wiltshire Council County Hall Bythesea Road Trowbridge Wiltshire BA14 8JN

Sent by email only: Andrew.Bidwell@wiltshire.gov.uk

Dear Andrew,

<u>Re: Change of Use to HGV Trailer Storage, form new vehicular and pedestrian access to land at</u> <u>Long Cross, Zeals, Warminster BA12 6LJ – Application No: 13/05423/FUL – Boyes Transport</u> <u>Limited</u>

The above Application was registered by your Authority on the 1st November 2013. I subsequently attended a meeting of the Zeals Parish Council together with my clients and made oral Representations as did the Applicants and many people living in the Village who were supportive of the proposals.

I have also considered the responses you have received from three Statutory Consultees being:-

- 1) The Zeals Parish Council
- 2) Richard Burden on behalf of the AONB Authority
- An email from Roger Witt Highways Development Control Manager Sustainable Transport, Wiltshire Council dated 29th November 2013.

I now set out my Representations in respect of the responses listed above.

The Zeal's Parish Council

Letter from John Wigg 21.11.13 (Using same numbering as contained in his letter)

Attached is my File Note of the discussions that took place at the Zeals Parish Council dated 20th November 2013 together with a copy of my appendices 1, 2 and 3 referred to. Whilst this is not a verbatim transcript it sets out in essence the discussions that took place at the Parish Council Meeting.

Mr John Wigg the Chairman of the Zeals Parish Council Planning Committee wrote on the 21st November 2013 (copy attached). He stated in paragraph 2 *"Granting permanent permission for the storage of trailers on the adjoining site would be wholly inconsistent and incompatible on safety grounds for children and parents many of whom have to walk past the proposed lorry entrance on foot".*

Your Highway's expert, Roger Witt, has raised no objection to the proposal in the full knowledge of the limited traffic that will be generated by the development and that the Nursery School is up and running.

A.F.G. Brimble, Planning Consultant. J.L. Lea, B.Arch. (Hons.), RIBA. Mrs J. Montgomery, B.Sc(Hons.), MRICS, MRTPI. P.D.M. Carpendale, MA, Dip.(Arch.Cons.), MRTPI. IHBC. Mr Wigg in his statement also refers to children and parents many of whom have to walk past the proposed lorry entrance on foot, I do not believe that to be the case. I had a traffic survey carried on Wednesday 3rd December 2013, a copy of which is attached. The time of the survey was from 7.43am until 9.15am and from 11.44am to 13.16pm the date being Wednesday 3rd December 2013.

You will see that no pedestrians at all walked along the footpath into the Nursery School during that period. There were 32 vehicles into the site during the morning and 25 vehicles left. During the second period 16 vehicles entered the site and 15 vehicles left.

- Reference is made to various polices contained within the Wiltshire Core Strategy. Those policies are set out correctly but the same policies applied when the Planning Permission was granted for the Nursery School.
- 2. It is incorrect to say that the land has been used exclusively for agricultural purposes it has not. It has been vacant for many years.
- 3. The Inspector who determined the latest Appeal confirmed that the good access to the east of the site onto the A303 was unlikely to result in much traffic from the site travelling west and also found that the visibility splays at the site access and the distance from the site of the houses should not present unacceptable harm for the residents from noise, disturbance or pollution. It is proposed that there be 15 HGV trailers and not 16 as stated.
- 4. The Parish Council concedes that the terms of the proposed Section 106 Agreement would provide some reassurance.
- 5. As already stated in addressing point 3 no unacceptable noise or disturbance would be caused by the proposals.
- 6. If the Planning Committee resolve to approve this Application a Section 106 Agreement would be entered into requiring the Applicants to use best endeavours to ensure that all traffic leaving or departing the site will travel in an easterly direction thus not using the Village roads.
- 7. To say that the Local Community will receive no economic benefit from the Application whatsoever lacks any credibility. Boyes provides transport in this area and the livelihood of 29 families rely upon this Application being approved. There is considerable economic benefit to the Local Community.
- 8. I have discussed with my clients whether all of the containers will be empty on every occasion. I have been advised that 99.9% of the time the containers would be empty. There may be a very occasional occurrence when goods would be within the container, but I stress that is highly unlikely.
- 9. Mr Wigg in his letter dated 21st November 2013 stated that security lighting would be required. At the Parish Council Meeting we made it clear to those present that there would be no security lighting required. The statement again lacks creditability being factually incorrect.
- 10. We have been able to provide you with evidence of the sequential site search which has been made. There is no other site suitable or available in the area.

The fact that the Nursery School provides good rental income to the Parish is not a planning consideration.

- 1. Accepted.
- 2. The proposed trailer park would have no impact at all upon the School business.

- 3. The proposed trailer park was supported, people spoke at the Parish Council Meeting and by letters of support received from local people.
- 4. It is accepted that the Planning Permission for the School has a five year limit, it is highly unlikely however Wiltshire Council would look to have the School closed after that period.
- 5. Please see the traffic survey carried out confirming that no parents walked children to the Nursery School on foot.

I am therefore able to refute the objections made by the Parish Council.

<u>Richard Burden from the AONB Authority</u> Email letter dated 27th November 2013 (copy attached)

Mr Burden states that an Environmental Impact Assessment could be required taking into account the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations. For reasons best known to himself Mr Burden has not referred you to the letter from the Planning Inspectorate to the Wiltshire Council dated 25th November 2010 in connection with the previous Appeal when the Planning Inspectorate confirmed that the development would not have any significant affect upon the environment by virtue of factors such as its nature, size or location and that the development was not IA development.

Mr Burden then refers to the consent for the Nursery School saying that a Community School is significantly different from an industrial use. With respect, what Mr Burden should be considering is the visual impact. In any event, he is incorrect in assessing the proposal to be an industrial use it is purely for the storage of overnight HGV Trailers.

He then refers to the "Pill Box" identified on the existing site plan. He does not however say that the Pill Box is outside of the area where it is proposed to store the trailers but is within the proposed landscaping area and partly outside of the Application Site.

He refers to the earlier Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment and is of the opinion that Peter Swan & Associates' Report underestimates the landscape and visual impacts of the proposal.

Attached are photographs of the Application Site and the Nursery Site adjoining both taken from the road immediately adjacent. There can, in my opinion, be no doubt that the Nursery Site is far more prominent than the Application Site which would be totally screened by the landscaping scheme proposed by Richard Payne of Peter Swan & Associates.

Again he refers to the introduction of *"this industrial use"* which I refute. In my opinion the Application Site is highly sustainable bearing in mind the relationship of the proposed HGV Trailers with the A303 Truck Road accesses almost immediately adjacent.

3. The Highways Authority Recommendation

That there is no Highway objection to this Application. Roger Witt the Highway Development Control Manager stated that "*I am satisfied that the traffic generated by this proposal will not cause undue problems on the adjoining highway. A new access is proposed and it will be necessary for the existing access to be stopped up upon completion of this and this can be covered by suitable condition, adequate visibility is available at the proposed access".*

The recommendation of Mr Witt from the Highway Department of the Wiltshire Council is an extremely important material consideration in the determination of this Application.

There is no evidence whatsoever that the proposal will cause any danger or inconvenience to other road users.

Rebuttal Statement of objections made by local people

I have read letters from 11 addresses and it is clear that the gist of the objections are; highway safety, visual impact on the AONB and personal vitriolic comments made by some local people.

Many of the objections are gross overstatements using words such as "a succession of HGVs thundering in and out".

The objectors have no evidence to suggest that there are suitable alternative sites in the vicinity. My clients have investigated a sequential search to no avail.

There are statements that parents from Zeals walk daily from the Village to the Nursery School. The traffic survey that I have had carried out demonstrates that theory is unfounded. During the day the survey was carried out not a single pedestrian used the Nursery School.

Reference is made to there being no benefit to the local economy. This is a statement that lacks any creditability. The Applicant's business provides transport throughout the Country which is essential and additionally 23 families livelihood depend upon the outcome of this Application.

There has been supporting letters from local business men who use Boyes Transport on a regular basis.

Reference is made to lorry drivers taking the quickest route or following their SatNavs which take them through the Villages of Zeals and Bourton. Again this statement lacks credibility, the only drivers who will be using the Application Site are those who are employed by Boyes and where it is has been made clear that all access will be to the east not using the Village Roads.

Letters in support

I have read and attach letters of support as follows:-

Intowaste Limited, Mr J Lyons, Mr D Downes, A Chant, E Murray, Sarah Boyes (from Boyes Transport Ltd), A Selby, ATS Euromaster, G Northover & Sons Ltd, Driving Force Training, Nicola Boyes (Applicant's daughter), a Petition signed Doddington, Emma Bevan, Margaret Francis, Robinson, Graham Williams, Occupants of Trehelig, M Sutton, Alin Sebly, David Downes, E Murray, D Pannell, J Greenway, M Lissabury, S Schofield, V Morse, E Love, J Antorne and Grandstands Worldwide Ltd all supportive.

Attached is an email from Colette Mallon 5th March 2014 Senior Development Officer, Economy and regeneration, Wiltshire Council. The contents of this email fully supports the proposal, the subject of this Application. Colette Mallon is aware of the relevant policies contained in the Wiltshire Core Strategy, is aware of the details of the proposals and aware of the location of the site immediately adjacent to the A303 Truck Road.

She understands and supports the essential need for job creation in Wiltshire. Her support is an extremely important material consideration in the determination of this Application.

I wrote to you on the 25th October 2013 when I set out in some detail the reasons why I consider this Application should be approved. Would you be good enough to ensure that this letter and its contents are attached to your Report to be put before the Planning Committee?

Would you also please ensure that a copy of my Design & Access Statement is attached so that Members are able to read a case put on behalf of the Applicant.

I would also refer to the landscape character and visual implications of the planning submission prepared by Richard Payne of Peter Swann & Associates, Chartered Landscape Architects dated October 2013. In his summary and conclusion he found that the proposals will have a visual and landscape character terms slight significance. He stated that it is a small site set apart from these areas situated on the extreme southern edge of the AONB and close to a major transport corridor. In conclusion, once the proposed planting begins to provide additional screening the potential impact both visually and on the character of the area will be diminished and need to be balanced against the need for a sustainable business at this location.

The area of the Application Site has been reduced significantly extending to approximately 0.6ha (1.5 acres).

Email correspondence between John Wigg, Trinity Cottage, Zeals and Other Residents together with emails sent by John Wigg 21.11.2013 in his capacity as Vice Chair to Zeals Parish Council to Fred Westmoreland (believed to be a member of Wiltshire Council)

It is of course up to Members of a Local Authority as to how its business is conducted.

I consider however the contents of John Wigg's email dated 6th January 2014 to be totally inappropriate. To add the words "since our last meeting Peter Clarke has put in a lot of work and unearthed some "good stuff" more of this when we meet. Also David Corbin is hoping to get Counsels Opinion for us for this meeting".

The next email to which I refer is dated 21st November 2013 where Mr Wigg suggest that the "*letter of objection to the planners*" should be redrafted and "*forwarded to all receptive villagers in Zeals and the environs*"

He states that Zeals is a small quiet village and that "it's character will be ruined for ever by the intrusion of this company. There must be many suitable sites in industrial areas and business parks specifically designed for the purposes that Boyes Transport intends" He also considers the potential threat to the future of Leaping Frogs Nursery as another key issue.

I have been able to totally refute these allegations made by Mr Wigg to many local residents.

The next email to which I refer is also dated 21st November 2013. This confirms that Fred Westmoreland chairs the Planning Committee for this area.

The email from Mr Wigg to Mr Westmoreland is, in my opinion, again totally in appropriate inaccurate as is evidenced by my rebuttal statement.

The email to Councillor Westmoreland is seeking to influence an elected representative of the Wiltshire Council and whilst I am sure that Councillor Westmoreland will not allow that to happen, it clearly demonstrates the lengths that the objectors are going to, to try and have this Application refused, all of which I consider to be totally inappropriate and improper.

I spoke to Mr brother-in-law a few days ago, who lives in Zeals, and he told me that he has been approached by a representative from the Parish Council who knocked on his door and was insistent that my brother-in-law should write to the Planning Authority objecting to the Application by Boyes Transport.

My brother-in-law said that he knew the site, knew what was proposed and had no problem with it. Again it demonstrates the orchestrated manner in which the Parish Council is behaving.

I trust that the contents of this email is sufficient to enable you now to complete your Report to be put before the Planning Committee of the Wiltshire Council. If however there is anything further that you need please let me know.

Yours sincerely,

Brimble, Loa + Partnero.

Mr AFG Brimble Brimble, Lea & Partners Tony@Brimblelea.com Appendix 5 – Letter from Barrister

Regarding the Boyes Transport, Zeals - Planning application 13/05423/FU for a Lorry Trailer Park:

The points to be considered are:

1.

a. There is a requirement for Boyes to show a significant change of circumstances, requiring the extraordinary step of setting aside two Inspectors decisions.

b. The school consent is not such a change in circumstances. It is site specific in that it is, by definition, serving the immediate locality and there is no other site available, as in the planning decision.

c. In contrast a haulage depot is wholly contrary to the AONB principles and ethos. It would have to be exceptional circumstances and the schools consent cannot amount to that. The school is its own exceptional circumstances – you cannot have a trend of exceptional circumstances, because of course they are not then exceptional.

d. The difference between the school and the depot is that the school has to be local to serve the children, whereas the haulage interest can be served anywhere within say 50 miles, on an appropriate location such as an industrial estate.

e. The only justification appears to be ownership by the proposed developer. That is nothing like good enough.

2. There is nothing in the material which gainsays the Inspectors approach in 2009, which states that:

a. The application is a "Fundamental and wholesale adverse change to rural appearance" (2009 decision para 4). The 2013 ANOB report confirms this.

b. The attempted mitigation by planting is not good enough (ibid para 5). For the avoidance of doubt, the smaller site makes no difference.

3. The Design and Access statement claims this is part of the rural economy.

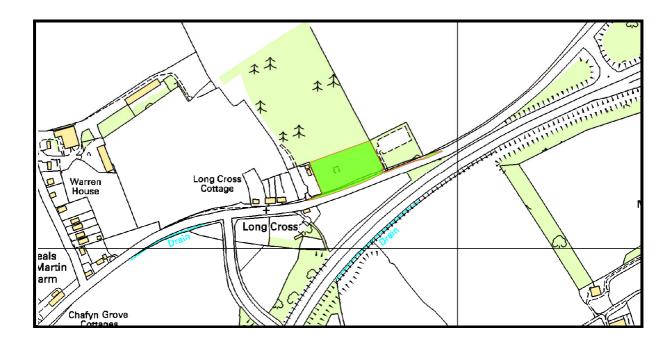
a. The empty container park is in no way relevant to the Zeals economy.

b. The Company is a transportable use which does not depend on close proximity to Zeals agriculture or other matter to function.

c. To claim some form of special need, Boyes should have set out their search that has failed. This would include parameters of search – size, location requirements in transportation terms (further afield may be nearer their market), financing, details of agents instructed for search, details of sites rejected and why, etc.

4. On the basis of these facts and legal considerations the Boyes Application has no case. Whilst Zeals Parish Council and Leaping Frogs Kindergarten can make further representations, which have already been notified to the Planning Officers, it would seem entirely proper to stop the Application before going any further.





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Agenda Item 7b

Report To The Area Planning Committee

Report No. 2

Date of Meeting	12/06/14	
Application Number	14/03915/FUL	
Site Address	Golden Willows, Main Road, Winterbourne Earls, Salisbury, SP4 6HH	
Proposal	Erection of detached 5 bed dwelling with integral garage	
Applicant	Mr Greg Ball	
Town/Parish Council	WINTERBOURNE	
Ward	BOURNE AND WOODFORD VALLEY	
Grid Ref	417214 133888	
Type of application	Full Planning	
Case Officer	Louise Porter	

Reason for the application being considered by Committee

Cllr Hewitt has requested the consideration of this planning application at a Planning Committee in order to consider the particular personal circumstances of the applicant's son's needs in this case.

1. Purpose of Report

To consider the above application and the recommendation of the Area Development Manager that planning permission be REFUSED for the reasons detailed below.

2. Report Summary

The main issues in the considerations of this application are as follows:

- Principle of Development
- The Applicants Personal Circumstances
- Design and Appearance
- Impact on Neighbour Amenity
- Highways/Transport/Parking
- Affordable Housing Contribution
- Open Space Provision
- Archaeology
- Ecology

3. Site Description

The application site is an area of land within the curtilage of the dwelling known as Golden Willows. Golden Willows is a chalet style bungalow and is located towards the front of the plot on the northern side. Golden Willows has a large garden extending approximately 35m from the dwelling to the side boundary and approximately 53m from the rear of the dwelling to the rear boundary.

4. Planning History

Planning history relating to Golden Willows:

S/2002/1102	Ground Floor And First Floor Extensions Loft Conversion	Approved with conditions 19/07/2002
S/2006/0245	Replacement Flat Roof And Balcony	Approved with conditions 21/03/2006
S/2007/1519	Demolition And Reconstruction Of Existing Outbuildings	Approved with conditions 20/09/2007

5. The Proposal

It is proposed to subdivide the plot of Golden Willows, approximately in half, and erect an additional dwelling. The proposed dwelling will share the existing access onto the highway with Golden Willows, but will have separate parking provision. The proposed dwelling will be a chalet style bungalow which will include an integral double garage, and will be set back from the front of the plot by approximately 20m. Five bedrooms and three bathrooms will be provided within the roof space. The rear bedrooms will each include either a balcony or a Juliet balcony. The external walls of the proposed dwelling will be finished in painted render whilst the roof will be finished in plain tiles.

6. Planning Policy

Salisbury District Local Plan (which are 'saved' policies of the adopted South Wiltshire Core Strategy):

- G1: General Principles for Development
- G2: General Criteria for Development
- D2: Infill Development
- H23: Undeveloped land in the Countryside
- H27: Agricultural/Forestry Workers Dwellings
- C2: Development in the Countryside
- C6: Special Landscape Area
- TR11: Parking
- R2: Open Space

South Wiltshire Core Strategy:

• Core Policy 3: Affordable Housing

Wiltshire Local Transport Plan

• Car Parking Strategy

7. Consultations

Parish Council

Support

Wiltshire Archaeology

Unlikely that significant archaeological remains would be disturbed by the proposed development

Wiltshire Fire and Rescue

Generic response letter requesting consideration for access for fire service and provision of domestic sprinkler system

Wiltshire and Swindon Biological Records Centre

Otter recorded nearby

Wessex Water

Comments regarding need for new connections

Wiltshire Housing

No affordable housing contribution required

Wiltshire Highways

At the time of writing, the Highways response was awaited. Members will be updated with this at committee. See section 9.5 of report.

Wiltshire Spatial Planning

None received for the current application, but comments received at pre-application stage

8. Publicity

The application was advertised by site notice and neighbour consultation letters. No letters of representation were received as a result of this publicity.

9. Planning Considerations

General policies which cover more than one of the issues are Policy G1 and Policy G2:

G1: General Principles for Development – In accordance with the principles of sustainable development, priority will be given to ensuring that development proposals: (i) achieve an overall pattern of land uses which reduce the need to travel and support increased use of public transport, cycling and walking; (ii) promote the vitality and viability of local communities, (iii) conserve both the natural environmental and cultural heritage of the district; and (iv) make effective use of land in urban areas, particularly on previously developed sites.

G2: General Criteria for Development - provides general criteria for development proposals to be assessed against. The criteria relates to the preservation of important landscape and architectural features, residential amenity and highway and environmental issues.

9.1 Principle of development

The application is not located within a Housing Policy Boundary, Housing Restraint Area or Special Restraint Area and as such is considered to be located within the countryside.

Policy H23 – Undeveloped land outside a Housing Policy Boundary, Housing Restraint Area, Special Restraint Area or New Forest Housing Policy Area and not identified for development in the Local Plan will be considered to be countryside, where the erection of

new dwellings will be permitted only where provided for by policies H26 or H27 of the Local Plan.

Policy H27 - permits permanent agricultural or forestry workers dwellings. There has been no information submitted within the application to suggest the dwelling would fit into this category.

Policy H26 has since been replaced by Core Policy 3 of the South Wiltshire Core Strategy.

Core Policy 3 - permits the erection of a new dwelling outside of the settlement boundaries, subject to the requirement that the dwelling is to be an affordable dwelling. The provision of an affordable dwelling is subject to there being a need for such type of housing and it must not compromise environmental considerations. This type of housing is usually built by a social housing landlord or company. There is no evidence to suggest this will be an affordable dwelling, and therefore the proposed dwelling is not considered to be compliant with Core Policy 3.

As a result of neither the criteria of Policy H27 or the criteria of Core Policy 3 being complied with, the proposal is not considered to comply with Policy H23. Therefore the principle of a dwelling in this location is not considered acceptable. Policy C2 supports this stance confirming that "development in the countryside will be strictly limited and will not be permitted unless it would benefit the local economy and maintain or enhance the environment".

Additionally, the National Planning Policy Framework supports this stance in more than one section:

Paragraph 17 - One of the twelve core planning principles of the National Planning Policy Framework requires planning to "take account of the different roles and character of different areas, promoting the vitality of our main urban areas, protecting the Green Belts around them, recognising the intrinsic character and beauty of the countryside and supporting thriving rural communities within it".

Whilst it is recognised that the proposed dwelling is to be located within a group of four other dwellings, these are considered to be an isolated group of dwellings, which the addition of another dwelling would intensify the development of this area of countryside. This is considered to be contrary to the desirability to protect the countryside for the sake of its intrinsic character and beauty.

Paragraph 55 – "To promote sustainable development in rural areas, housing should be located where it will enhance or maintain the vitality of rural communities... Local planning authorities should avoid new isolated homes in the countryside unless there are special circumstances such as:

- the essential need for a rural worker to live permanently at or near their place of work in the countryside; or
- where such development would represent the optimal viable use of a heritage asset or would be appropriate enabling development to secure the future of heritage assets; or
- where the development would re-use redundant or disused buildings and lead to an enhancement to the immediate setting; or
- the exceptional quality or innovative nature of the design of the dwelling. Such a design should:
 - be truly outstanding or innovative, helping to raise standards of design more generally in rural areas;

- o reflect the highest standards in architecture;
- o significantly enhance its immediate setting; and
- o be sensitive to the defining characteristics of the local area.

It is not considered that the current proposal relates to any of these special circumstances, and therefore the National Planning Policy framework supports that additional dwellings within the countryside, such as the one proposed, should not be allowed.

9.2 The Applicants Personal Circumstances

The applicants are aware of the policy restriction of new dwellings in the countryside, but questioned whether an exception could be made due to the special needs of the applicants' disabled son, Jenson. Spatial Planning were consulted on the proposal at the pre-application stage and commented that whilst the personal circumstances of the applicant are not normally a material planning consideration, where these circumstances are exceptional and clearly relevant (e.g. provision of facilities for someone with a physical disability) then some flexibility can be given in determining applications.

In relation to living arrangements, it is understood that Jenson's personal requirements consist of the following:

- Larger rooms, due to Jenson using his feet for everyday tasks resulting in equipment/toys being spread across the floor, and the requirement for low-level accessible storage
- Living in close proximity to the applicant's parents who help care for Jenson
- Specialist toilet, shower and drying facilities
- Dedicated space to develop musical activities
- Kitchen adaptations

The Design and Access/Planning Statement states that four other properties were considered prior to the purchase of Golden Willows in 2013. It is not considered that a search consisting of only four properties is sufficiently extensive to conclude that Golden Willows is the only suitable option available that fulfils the family's needs. It is noted that none of the four considerations were empty building plots where two properties could be built, rather than buying an existing property with a plot large enough to build a second dwelling within the curtilage. Equally, no evidence has been submitted to indicate any research has been undertaken into finding two separate properties in close proximity to each other that would suitably accommodate both families independently, whilst still being close enough to provide the necessary care when needed. For these reasons, it is not considered there are exceptional circumstances which would result in the Local Planning Authority permitting a new dwelling in a location which would be contrary to planning policy.

This approach has previously been endorsed by the Planning Inspectorate under planning reference E/2012/1368/FUL (Appeal Ref: APP/Y3940/A/13/2193537) – see Appendix 1. This application sought planning permission for a new dwelling and car barn on land adjacent to an existing dwelling. The application was refused due to principle of residential development not being acceptable within the proposed location, as well as the proposal having a detrimental impact on heritage assets. The appeal of the refusal of planning permission was justified by the appellant on the basis that the appellants have a disabled daughter who they wished to accommodate in the proposed dwelling in order that she could live independently. The Inspector concluded that "it is not clear that the only possible option is the substantial house proposed and I have no evidence of any other possibilities being explored with the council... Consequently I do not find any matters to outweigh the clear harm to the Conservation Area, the setting of the listed building and the Council's policies HC24 and

PD1" [These policies are contained within the Kennet Local Plan and relate to restrictions on new dwellings within villages with limited facilities (HC24), and sustainability and design issues (PD1)].

9.3 Design and appearance

Whilst the proposed dwelling is a chalet style bungalow, as a result of the depth of the property the resultant ridge height of the main section of roof is still fairly substantial for a bungalow at 7.389m. In addition the front elevation contains two gable-ended projections giving more of a two-storey appearance. Whilst therefore it is considered that the proposed dwelling is of a large scale, the proposal needs to be considered in relation to the adjacent dwelling Golden Willows. Golden Willows has a ridge height of 7.157m (when measured from the ground level outside the front entrance, or 7.485m when measured from the southern gable end where the land slopes away from the house). The ground level where the proposed dwelling is to be located is lower than the ground level adjacent to Golden Willows and therefore the ridge line of the proposed dwelling will be approximately 0.73m below that of Golden Willows. Whilst this step down in ridge height is not substantial, it will assist in ensuring that the proposed dwelling does not dominate the existing plot of Golden Willows. The ridge line of the garage/bedroom 2 section of the proposed dwelling is set down further from the ridge height of the rest of the dwelling, and together with its set back from the front of the dwelling, the dominance of the proposed dwelling is reduced.

The proposed dwelling will be finished in painted render with a plain tile roof. This will match the materials of Golden Willows and therefore is considered to match the existing character of the immediate area. The proposed mix of gable ends and dormers also matches this character.

In terms of the impact on the streetscene, the proposed dwelling will be positioned within a cluster of four dwellings, all located outside of the Housing Policy Boundary. To the south-west of the application site two very modest bungalows are located within narrow plots in close proximity to each other. These bungalows have a significantly lower ridge line than the proposed dwelling. To the immediate north-east of the application site lies Golden Willows, and to the north-east of that one further dwelling is located (known as "Highfield"). Highfield is currently undergoing a complete redevelopment, with the original bungalow having been demolished and a new dwelling of a modern design being erected along the north-eastern boundary of its plot. The view of this group of four properties from the main road is limited as a result of the close-boarded fence, the well established hedgerow and various trees along the boundaries fronting the road. Therefore whilst glimpses of the proposed dwelling will have a dominating impact on the streetscene.

9.4 Impact on Neighbour Amenity

The proposed dwelling will be located approximately 8.3m from the boundary with "Kirkwood" to the south-west and approximately 3.8m from the boundary with "Golden Willows". The separation distance with "Kirkwood" is considered great enough to not cause overshadowing or to have an overbearing impact despite the proposed dwelling being of a greater scale than "Kirkwood". The distance to the boundary with "Golden Willows" is less, however given the set back of the proposed dwelling in comparison to "Golden Willows", the proposed dwelling is not considered to have a significant overshadowing or overbearing impact on "Golden Willows".

The proposed dwelling includes two dormer windows at first floor level facing the rear garden of "Golden Willows". Given the proximity to "Golden Willows" it is considered appropriate to condition that these windows are obscure glazed and fixed shut to prevent overlooking.

The proposed dwelling contains one large balcony and two Juliet balconies on the rear elevation. The proposed Juliet balconies are not considered to offer different overlooking opportunities from that of a normal window, and therefore are not objected to on the rear elevation. The wider balcony to the master bedroom is contained on either side with the roof structure which disables the ability to significantly overlook the gardens of neighbouring properties.

9.5 Highways/Transport/Parking

Wiltshire Highways were consulted on the proposal at both the pre-application stage and the current application.

The pre-app consultation response was as follows:

"It is acknowledged that the site lies outside of the settlement framework for Winterbourne Earls. I have visited the location of the site and I note that it is within the 50mph speed limit. There are no separate pedestrian facilities and, although the bus stops are reasonably close to the site, anyone wishing to use the bus would be required to walk along the edge of the A338, or on the grass verge, which would not be an attractive option particularly given the speed of passing traffic. In this location, it is likely that the majority of trips would be taken by private car. The proposal is therefore considered contrary to the aims of the NPPF which seeks to reduce the need to travel, to influence the rate of traffic growth and reduce the environmental impact of traffic.

"It is likely that a proposal for a dwelling in this location would attract an adverse highway recommendation for the reason given above.

"Notwithstanding the above, a new access onto the A338 would require visibility splays of 2.4m by 160m in both directions at a height of 0.9m. Should the applicant wish to pursue the proposal, these sight lines should be demonstrated on a drawing. Furthermore, in line with the current parking standards a dwelling of the size proposed would require three parking spaces together with a suitable turning space to allow vehicles to exit and enter the highway in a forward gear."

In response, the submitted Design and Access Statement has objected to the comments by the Highways Department, describing there being separate pedestrian facilities back into the village between the boundary fence and the highway verge. The Design and Access Statement also clarifies that the proposed dwelling will share the existing access onto the A338 with Golden Willows, rather than a new access being created. It is understood that whilst that access is already in situ and used by Golden Willows, the intensification of the use of the access would result in the need for there to be adequate sight lines along the A338. Wiltshire Highways is currently looking into whether the verge adjacent to the highway to the front of Golden Willows and to the north is highway, as this would have a bearing on whether the required sight lines are achievable or not. Until this information is received, it is unclear whether there will be a highway objection to the proposal. Any Wiltshire Highways consultation response received, and associated reason for refusal if applicable, will now be included as late correspondence to this committee report.

Regarding parking provision, the proposed plans show parking provision for two cars in front of the proposed dwelling, plus two spaces within the integral garage. Policy TR11 requires the provision of off-street car parking spaces, on the basis of the guidance given at Appendix V of the Salisbury District Council Location Plan (This appendix has since been superseded by the Wiltshire Local Transport Plan Car Parking Strategy). This requires that a proposed 5bed dwelling will have a minimum of 3 spaces. Therefore the proposed parking arrangement complies with this requirement in terms of the proposed dwelling, plus the existing parking provision of 3 spaces is retained for Golden Willows. It is considered that there is adequate turning space in front of the proposed dwelling to ensure that all vehicles associated with the proposed dwelling and Golden Willows will be able to enter and exit the plots in forward gear.

9.6 Affordable Housing Contribution

Core Policy 3: Affordable Housing – On sites of four dwellings or less a financial contribution will be sought towards the provision of affordable housing.

Core Policy 3 of the South Wiltshire Core Strategy currently sets out a requirement for affordable housing contributions on all sites with a net gain of 1 - 4 dwellings. However, a revised housing policy has been prepared for the Wiltshire Core Strategy which recommends that on sites of 1 - 4 dwellings there will be no affordable housing contribution required. This is the policy which will now be implemented on planning applications and preapp enquiries submitted from 28^{th} February 2014 onwards. Therefore there is no requirement for an affordable housing contribution to be made in respect of this application.

Although this policy has not yet been adopted or been subjected to scrutiny through the Strategy process, it does define the Council's intended direction of travel on affordable housing based on up to date evidence. This will remain the Council's position unless the revised policy is latterly found by the Core Strategy Inspector to be un-sound. In these circumstances the Council will review its position again.

9.7 Open Space Provision

Policy R2: Provision for recreational open space – new residential development is required to provide an off-site financial contribution towards recreational open space within the locality.

The contribution varies based upon the number of bedrooms provided. For a 5-bed dwelling the required contribution is $\pounds 2,235.45$. This contribution would only be payable if planning permission is to be granted.

A covering letter and template Deed of Unilateral Undertaking was emailed to the agent on 20/05/14 with the instruction to complete and return the document together with the associated legal fee, however no confirmation has been received that the applicants are willing to pay this contribution, nor has the document/fee been returned.

9.8 Archaeology

There are no historic environment records in or in the near vicinity of the site. It is possible that the lack of archaeological finds might be due to a lack of previous archaeological work in this area. However, on the evidence available, the Wiltshire Archaeologist considers it is unlikely that significant archaeological remains would be disturbed by the proposed development.

9.9 Ecology

The Wiltshire and Swindon Biological Records Centre have highlighted that otters have been recorded close by to the application site. Given that the application site is over 250m from the nearest river, it is not considered that the proposed development will impact on the otter population.

10. Conclusion

The proposed dwelling, by reason of its position outside of the Housing Policy Boundary, Housing Restraint Area and Special Restraint Area, for which there is no overriding justification, is contrary to the desirability to protect the countryside for the sake of its intrinsic character and beauty. As such, the proposed dwelling is considered to be contrary to Policy H23 of the Salisbury District Local Plan and which is a 'saved' policy of the adopted South Wiltshire Core Strategy (listed in Appendix C).

The proposed development has not made adequate provision towards off-site recreational open space facilities and as such would put unacceptable additional demand on existing recreational open space facilities. The proposal is therefore contrary to 'saved' Policy R2 of the Salisbury District Local Plan and which is a 'saved' policy of the adopted South Wiltshire Core Strategy (listed in Appendix C).

RECOMMENDATION

Planning permission be REFUSED for the following reasons:

The proposed dwelling, by reason of its position outside of the Housing Policy Boundary, Housing Restraint Area and Special Restraint Area, for which there is no overriding justification, is contrary to the desirability to protect the countryside for the sake of its intrinsic character and beauty. As such, the proposed dwelling is considered to be contrary to Policy H23 of the Salisbury District Local Plan and which is a 'saved' policy of the adopted South Wiltshire Core Strategy (listed in Appendix C).

The proposed development has not made adequate provision towards off-site recreational open space facilities and as such would put unacceptable additional demand on existing recreational open space facilities. The proposal is therefore contrary to 'saved' Policy R2 of the Salisbury District Local Plan and which is a 'saved' policy of the adopted South Wiltshire Core Strategy (listed in Appendix C).

Appendix 1

The Planning Inspectorate

Appeal Decision

Site visit made on 23 July 2013

by Simon Hand MA

an Inspector appointed by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government

Decision date: 30 July 2013

Appeal Ref: APP/Y3940/A/13/2193537 Higher Green Farm, Poulshot Road, Poulshot, Devizes, SN10 1RW

- The appeal is made under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990
- against a refusal to grant planning permission.
- The appeal is made by Mr & Mrs G Curnow against the decision of Wiltshire Council.
 The application Ref E/2012/1368/FUL, dated 25 October 2012, was refused by notice
- dated 28 January 2013.
- The development proposed is new dwelling and car barn on land adjacent to existing dwelling.

Decision

1. The appeal is dismissed.

Main Issues

2. Whether the proposal is infill development and its impact on the character and appearance of the Poulshot Conservation Area and on the setting of the nearby listed building.

Reasons

- 3. Poulshot is a village with a dispersed settlement pattern, much of it strung out along the sides of a large village green. The site lies at the northern end of the green in what is currently a paddock to the east of Higher Green Farm, a grade II listed building. There is a farmyard to the north of Higher Green Farm which comprises a cluster of buildings. This is subject to a planning application for 9 dwellings which has been recommended for approval by officers. However, this development, should it go ahead, does not impinge on the green itself. The site lies between Higher Green Farm and No 15, and these appear to be the only buildings on this side of the green.
- 4. Policy HC24 of the Kennet District Local Plan (2004) allows infill development that is within the bounds of the village, does not consolidate a sporadic, loose knit area of development and is in scale and character with the village. The appellant states that the site frontage is 37m, and this is too small for more than one dwelling, hence it must be infill as it is a gap big enough for only 1 dwelling. If I assume for the moment the site is in the village, which the Council dispute, I consider this is clearly not an infill plot. The gap between the two existing dwellings is considerably larger than 37m; that is only the appeal plot size which could itself easily accommodate several small houses. There is a very large space between the existing buildings, and with the tree cover, this end of the green appears to be virtually undeveloped countryside. It is not,

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therefore and infill plot. Furthermore, the character of this part of the green is a loose scatter of well spaced houses which would be consolidated by the appeal proposal. For several reasons therefore the proposal is contrary to policy HC24.

- 5. The design of the proposed house is based on Seend Bridge house, although I would suggest this inspiration has been somewhat diluted into a large, executive style house. It would appear to have no design features in common with, or even loosely related to the nearby traditional houses of the village. It would have 5 bedrooms, one in the roof, creating a third storey with an inset balcony to the rear, another feature not found in the immediate locality. The overall bulk and mass, as well as the design would look out of scale and harmful in the context of smaller, much more modest traditional buildings around. For this reason as well as because it would consolidate the loose pattern of development, the proposal would harm the character and appearance of the Conservation Area, contrary to policy PD1.
- 6. I accept that in other parts of the village, including other parts of the village green, modern houses sit next to the local vernacular, but that is not the case at the northern end of the green. The introduction of this very large house would be out of place, out of scale and harmful. I have noted the various other developments referred to by the appellant, but these do not necessarily suggest inconsistency on the part of the Council, and they do not have the same relationship to their neighbours or the green as the appeal proposal would. I agree the direct impact of the building would be reduced by the tree screen, but hiding a development does not make it acceptable.
- 7. There would be a considerable separation between the listed farmhouse and the proposal, with the three storey element further away still. The farmhouse would retain considerable space around it and there would not, therefore, be any direct significant impact on its setting. However, the introduction of a building which I consider to be harmful to the Conservation Area, next to the listed building, would not be a positive element and it would inevitably detract, if only in a small way, from the listed building, which currently stands next to an open paddock. There is thus some, if only minor, harm to the setting of the listed building.
- 8. I have great sympathy with the difficulties the appellants face in finding suitable accommodation for them, their daughter and her carers, especially as their current house is listed, with uneven floors, low ceilings and internal steps between the rooms. I was shown the considerable efforts they have already made to try and accommodate the equipment necessary for their daughter's condition and integrate her as far as possible into the family routine. They also need to remain close to their business which lies between the farmhouse and the farmyard beyond. However, it is not clear that the only possible option is the substantial house proposed and I have no evidence of any other possibilities being explored with the Council.
- Consequently I do not find any matters to outweigh the clear harm to the Conservation Area, the setting of the listed building and the Council's policies HC24 and PD1.

2

Simon Hand

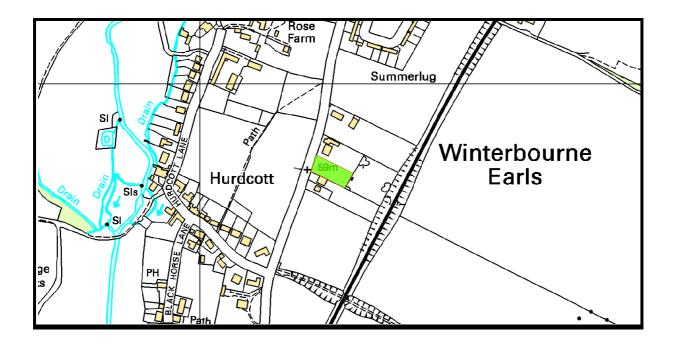
Inspector

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14/03915/FUL - Golden Willows, Main Road, Winterbourne Earls, Salisbury, SP4 6HH





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